

CLUB  
WHISKY  
\$1.00 PER DOZEN.  
H. PRICE & CO.,  
12, Queen's Road Central.

# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

GRAND PRIX PARIS 1900  
The Highest Possible Award.  
JOSEPH  
GILLOTT'S  
PENS.  
Of Highest Quality, and having  
Greatest Durability, no there-  
fore CHEAPEST.  
The Only Award Chicago, 1893.  
[a282]

No. 14,651 號九十五陸千四萬一第 日七十月五年十三緒光 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 1ST, 1905. 六拜禮 號一月四年五零百九千一英港香 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

A CHOICE AFTER-DINNER WINE  
**WATSON'S**  
D. PORT  
VERY FINE OLD VINTAGE.

**A. S. WATSON & CO.**  
LIMITED.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

**CUTLER, PALMER**

& CO.'S

PRICE \$10 5 PER DOZEN

Net

"SPECIAL BLEND" WHISKY  
Blend  
Selected  
Distillations of the  
Finest Scotch Whiskies

Apply to

SIEMSEN & CO., Hongkong.

**THE WINE GROWERS'**  
SUPPLY CO.



Direct Importers of Wine, Beer and Spirits  
from well-known Growers, Brewers and  
Distillers. Price List on application.  
441 Nos. 22 & 24, Bank Buildings, Queen's Rd.  
GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY

**PORTLAND CEMENT.**  
\$4.50 per Cask 375 lbs. net ex Factory.  
\$2.70 per bag 250 lbs. net ex Factory.  
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 1st March, 1905.

NOTICE.

**THE TERMINUS STORES.**  
GENERAL STOREKEEPERS, COMMISSION AGENTS.

MOST respectfully beg to inform the  
Public that they have opened a Store  
in this Colony at Nos. 60 and 61, ELGIN  
ROAD, KOWLOON, under the Style of the  
Terminus Stores and are prepared to accept all  
kinds of orders, which will be attended to and  
executed in the shortest time, and earnestly hope  
to be favoured with the kind Patronage of the  
Public.  
Hongkong, 9th March, 1905.

**"BOA VISTA"**  
(HOTEL-SANITARIUM OF SOUTH  
CHINA)  
MACAO

HAS been re-opened under European  
management and most strict supervision.  
as to food, cleanliness, and hygiene of the place.  
All comforts of a home.  
A most pleasant retreat for those desirous of  
a few days rest and quiet.  
Comfortable accommodation for travellers  
paying a visit to the historical and picturesque  
colony of Macao.  
Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong, 2  
One steamer (s.s. Heungshan), daily to and  
from Hongkong, and two steamers to and from  
Canton, give easy communication with the  
three centres.  
Cable Address—"BOAVISTA."  
For Terms, apply to  
[a241] THE MANAGER.

MACAO

AND

**CANTON**  
HOTELS.

A LITTLE CHANGE.

THE Round Trip from HONGKONG  
to MACAO, thence to CANTON and back to  
Hongkong, will be found interesting and  
enjoyable  
WM. FARMER,  
Proprietor.

**CUTLER, PALMER & CO.**

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

OF

LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

	Per Case.
BRANDY *****	\$22.50
" " " " " " " " " " " "	20.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	16.75
WHISKY, PALL MALL -	20.00
" JOHN WALKER -	12.50
" O. P. & CO'S SPECIAL	
BLEND -	10.50
PORT WINE, INVALIDS -	20.00
" DOURO -	13.75
" SHERRY, AMOROSO -	20.00
" LA TORRE -	16.00
BENEDICTINE, D.O.M. -	40.50

THE ABOVE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

**SIEMSEN & CO.**

HONGKONG AGENTS.

**THE LAHMEYER ELECTRICAL CO., LD.**

LONDON

ELECTRIZITAETS ACTIEN GESELLSCHAFT FORM.  
W. LAHMEYER & CO., FRANKFURT A/M.

FOR ESTIMATES OF ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS OF ANY DESCRIPTION  
Apply to—  
**SIEMSEN & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA.**

**PHOTO SUPPLIES**

DEVELOPING

AND PRINTING

UNDERTAKEN.



GOOD WORK,

PROMPT

RETURN

UP-TO-DATE DARK ROOM

FITTED WITH ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FAN

AT THE DISPOSAL OF AMATEURS

**LONG HING & CO.,**

PHOTO GOODS STORE,

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

(Same Premises as Messrs. Ah Chee).

Hongkong, 15th August, 1904.

**ALARMING INCREASE  
IN BALDNESS!!!**

and all other derangements of the Hair, such as Scurf, Dandruff, Scanty Partings, Falling Hair,  
Premature Greyness, &c., &c.

A REMEDY OFFERED.

which possesses all the elements that go to produce a good head of hair. Its powerful, stimu-  
lating properties go straight to the hair roots—giving them a life and vigour they never knew  
before. And life and vigour to the roots mean more hair, stronger hair, better hair. It will  
assuredly do all this for YOU, as it has done for thousands of others.

**WILSON'S HAIR WASH.**

THE GREAT HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

The Finest Dressing. Specially Prepared and Delicately Perfumed.

A Luxury and a Necessity to every Modern Toilet.

**WATKINS LIMITED,**

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

AND

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,

(Crown Brand)

APOTHECARIES HALL, HONGKONG.

**CALDBECK MACGREGOR & CO.**



Telephone No 75.

**WINE AND SPIRITS  
MERCHANTS.**

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1905.

**KOWLOON HOTEL.**

KOWLOON.

DELIGHTFUL SITUATION. UNEXCELLED RESORT FOR TRAVELLERS  
AND RESIDENTS.  
BILLIARDS AND BOWLING. LAWN AND GARDENS.  
JAS. W. OSBORNE, PROPRIETOR AND MANAGER.

**W. BREWER & CO.**

23 and 25, QUEEN'S ROAD.

NEW VIEW BOOK OF HONGKONG—24 VIEWS ... \$1.00  
NEW STOCK.  
THE PRODIGAL SON, by HALL ... \$1.75  
CAINE ... \$1.75  
The Gums of the East, by Savage Landor; ... 24.00  
2 Vols. ... 24.00  
A Secret Agent in Port Arthur ... 4.70  
Scott's Stamp Catalogue 1905 ... 1.50  
New Map of Kwang-Tung Province ... 1.25  
A Dip—of the "Three-Japanes War  
with Maps and Illustrations; Parts  
1 to 20 at ... 0.00 each  
Confessions of a Young Man, by Geo.  
Moore ... 1.75  
Man's Place in the Universe, by Wallace ... 3.50  
Three Dukes ... 1.75  
Apples of Eden, by Thurston ... 1.75  
Great Pictures in Private Galleries; Part 9, ... 1.75  
Port Arthur, Three Months with the  
Besiegers, by Villiers ... 6.50  
EXTRA STRONG BOND 9999 NOTE PAPER.  
OLD COLONY LINEN BANK NOTE PAPER  
AND ENVELOPES TO MATCH.  
OLD COLONY LINEN NOTE PAPER AND  
ENVELOPES, DUCHESSE SIZE,  
WHITE AND BLUE.  
GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, BLACK OR  
BROWN, BEST ENGLISH MAKE.  
NEW WINDSOR FOUNTAIN AND  
STYLOGRAPHIC PENS.  
THE BEST EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES:  
SULTAN'S \$2.00; PASHA'S \$2.50 PER 100.  
CONSTANT FRESH SUPPLY.

**PEERLESS SCOTS WHISKIES**

HAIG & HAIG, LD., DISTILLERS SINCE 1879.

3 Star, SPECIAL—The finest of all "Peg" WHISKIES at ... \$18.0  
5 Star, LIQUEUR—Especially best in the World for Club or Private use at ... \$22.0  
Try HAIG & HAIG'S WHISKIES: pure, mellow, matured, non-smoky, delicate flavor.  
Once tried, preferred to all others. Sole Agents for Hongkong:  
F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

PIANO DEPARTMENT.

L. C. & CO. SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG FOR:—

BRINSMEAD, STEINWAY, BROADWOOD, COLLARD &  
COLLARD, CHALLENGE, DORNER, &c.

All Instruments imported by us are SPECIALLY SELECTED and made for this climate  
—the CASES are constructed of SOLID SEASONED wood, and the internal mechanism is  
made from the best materials only.  
We have the longest experience in the Piano Trade of any dealers in the East, and are  
satisfied that Pianos made at home are infinitely superior to any constructed by makers in the East.  
TUNING and REPAIRING attended to by experienced European Assistants.

LARGE STOCKS OF MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

Hongkong, 22nd March, 1905.

**JOHN ROBERTS & COMPANY, LTD.**

BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS.

BOMBAY.

Undertake to Supply a First-class full sized Billiard Table, design No. 1, to following Specifica-  
tion, viz: on Eight Massive turned Legs, raised panels to Knees, Carved Brackets, Screwed  
Mouldings, double bolted, best Welsh Slate Bed, extra heavy solid cushion rails fitted with our  
new low set Express Cushions, patent invisible Pocket Plates, best Whiplow Pockets, Six Chalk  
Cups, Superfine West of England Cloth, and patent adjusting toes with lever for levelling  
complete with the following accessories:—

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 12 Selected Ash Cues                    | 1 Wall Cue Rack                                 |
| 1 Butt Rest with Patent Brass Head.     | 1 Wall Butt Rack                                |
| 1 Billiard Rest with Patent Brass Head. | 1 Set Billiard Rules, Framed.                   |
| 1 Long Butt.                            | 1 Best Billiard Brush.                          |
| 1 Mid Butt.                             | 1 Set "Crystalline" or "Benzoline" Bill. Balls. |
| 1 Billiard Marking Board.               | 1 Box Best Cue Tips, Assorted.                  |
| 1 Dust Cover for Table.                 | 1 Cue Tip Fastener with File.                   |
| 1 Straightedge and Circle.              | 1 Bottle Cue Cement.                            |
| 1 Best Spirit Level.                    | 1 Box Silk Spots.                               |
| 1 Smoothing Iron with Shoe.             | 2 Dozen Best White Chalk.                       |

Packed and delivered free on Board Hongkong or Shanghai Harbour for the sum of Rs. 1,400  
net.

Illustrated price lists giving prices and particulars of everything pertaining to billiards can  
be had on application from the Offices of this paper.  
Hongkong, 1st April, 1904

**A. TACK & CO.**

26, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

**FURNITURE, SUNDRIES & PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.**

EASTMAN'S KODAKS & FILMS

"PRIMUS" CAMERAS & ACCESSORIES.

ILFORD PLATES & PAPERS.

"PRIMUS" DEVELOPERS & CHEMICALS.

PRINTING & DEVELOPING UNDERTAKEN.

**JAPAN COALS.**

**MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA  
(MITSUI & CO.)**

HEAD OFFICE:—1, SURUGA-CHO, TOKYO.  
LONDON BRANCH:—34, LIME STREET, E.C.  
HONGKONG BRANCH:—PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, ICE HOUSE STREET

OTHER BRANCHES:  
New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Sourabaya, Manila, Amoy, Shanghai,  
Chefoo, Canton, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemulpo, Yokohama, Yokosuka,  
Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Kure, Shimoda, Moji, Wakamatsu, Karatsu, Nagasaki,  
Kuchinotsu, Sasabe, Maizuru, Miike, Hakodate, Taipeh, &c.

Telegraphic Address: "MITSUI" (A.B.C. and A 1 Code)

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armaments and the State  
Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail  
and Freight Steamers.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famao Miike, Tagawa, Yamano and Ida Coal Mines; and  
SOLE AGENTS for Hokoku, Honda, Kanada, Fujinokawa, Manada, Mammoura, Onoura Otsuji,  
Sakuragi, Tsubokuro, Yoshizaki, Yoshie, Yumokihara, and other Coals.  
S. MINAMI, Manager, Hongkong.

**BLACK**

**BERRY**

**BRANDY**

Per Bottle ... \$2.50  
" 1 ... 1.00

**H. PRICE & CO.,**

12, Queen's Road.

**INSURANCE**

**THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.**  
(Established 1825.)

THE Accumulated Funds of the Company  
are nearly

\$11,000,000,

and the annual revenue is at the rate of

\$3600

PER DAY.

**DODWELL & CO., LD.,**

Agents. [a1812-3]

**HOTELS.**

**HONGKONG HOTEL**

FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Dining accommodation for 300 persons.

131 Bedrooms.

Elegantly Furnished Reception Rooms.

Private Bar and Billiard Rooms for Hotel  
residents.

Hydraulic Lifts to each Floor.

Electric Lighting and Fans.

Every Comfort.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms.

Ladies' Cloak Rooms.

Matrons in attendance.

CHARGES MODERATE, AND NO EXTRAS.

A. F. DAVIES,

Acting Manager.

**THE  
PEAK HOTEL.**

Admirably Situated. Sheltered from the  
North-East Monsoon and Open to the South-  
West Monsoon.

A COVERED GANGWAY LEADS  
FROM THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS  
INTO THE HOTEL.

Telephone No. 29.  
Town Office: 7, DUNDRELL STREET.

**KING EDWARD HOTEL.**

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea-Rooms.

Private Bar and Billiard-Rooms

Hot and Cold Water throughout.

Electrically Lighted. Electric Fans (if  
required).

Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.

Table D'Hôte at separate tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to the—  
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 10th June 1903.

**CONNAUGHT HOTEL.**

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL Situated near  
the Banks and Principal Offices.

Excellent Cuisine and Wines.

Large and lofty Rooms, Elegantly Furnished

Hydraulic Elevator, hot and cold water  
throughout.

Special Rates for Tourists.

Launch Services for Guests.

For Terms, apply to the  
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 31st October, 1902.

**CARLTON HOUSE**

**HOTELS,**

No. 8 & 10, ICE HOUSE ROAD.

THESE premises, formerly known as the  
Club Entrance and the Waverley Hotel,  
have been thoroughly renovated and furnished  
in excellent style as Private Family Hotels.

Cool Rooms, Comfort of Residents, and the  
Cuisine a specialty.

Apply to—  
THE MANAGER.

Hongkong, 7th October, 1904.

**DAVID CORSAH & SON'S**

MERCHANT NAVY

NAVY BUILDING

LONG FLAX

BELLANCE CROWN

TABBAULD

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.

Sole Agents.



## INTIMATION

A. S. WATSON & CO.,  
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

## CLARETS

OF THE FINEST QUALITY

SPECIALLY SELECTED &amp; IMPORTED

DIRECT FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED

## CHATEAUX.

	1 doz. Qts.	2 doz. Pks.
ST. ESTEPHE, (Red Capsule) ... ..	\$8.00	\$9.00
ST. JULIEN, (Red Capsule) ... ..	10.00	11.00
LA ROSE, (Red Capsule) ... ..	13.50	14.50
CHATEAU HAUT BRION LARIVET ...	20.00	22.00
CHATEAU MOUTON D'ARMAILHAC ...	24.00	26.00
CHATEAU PONTET CANET ... ..	28.00	—
CHATEAU LA TOUR CARNET ... ..	33.00	—
CHATEAU RAUZEN ...	48.00	—
CHATEAU LAPITE ...	54.00	—

A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITED.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

## NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

Only communications relating to the news column should be addressed to the Editor.

Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymously signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telegraphic Address: PRESS. Codes: A.S.W. 5th Ed.

Liber's

P.O. Box 28. Telephone No. 19

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DE WATSON STREET, CL.  
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, APRIL 1st, 1905.

It is reported that the Chinese Minister in Tokyo has been pressing his Government at Peking to take steps to reduce the steadily increasing number of Chinese who are taking out naturalisation papers in Japan. He has been bold enough to inform Peking that if it were not for the dread of official "squeezes," and of being robbed of the fruits of their industry in a manner affording no redress, many Chinese merchants abroad would be glad to return to their native land, where the spending of their acquired competences would naturally benefit their own people. The Minister thinks a good effect would be made by the publication in Japan and other Chinese frequented places of a proclamation promising that their rights and property will be held sacred if they return; and pointing out on the other hand the disadvantages entailed by staying away. For instance, a Chinaman naturalised as a Japanese is entitled to no benefit or assistance from Chinese Ministers or Consuls; he is liable to be called on to fight for the country of his adoption; and besides, he falls under the shame and stigma of being unpatriotic. We are told that the Chinese Board of Commerce has acted upon these suggestions, and sent intimations that are to be circulated amongst all Chinese living abroad, notifying them that if they return to China, special passes will be given to them so that their wealth will be "duly protected." Never did spider sing a more sweetly sounding invitation to the fly. Set to the tune of "Home, sweet home," this ditty may touch the hearts of numerous Chinese abroad, but we see small probability of touching their heads, which are quite

business-like enough to tell them any acceptance of the kind invitation would involve the touching of their pockets. No doubt they all still share the Chinese desire to lay their bones in Chinese soil; but for that there is plenty of time. To such Chinese as are in a position to remember the conditions existing in their native country, the notification will be waste paper; for they must know how little weight even an Imperial Edict carries in, say, Canton. In some place removed from immediate Imperial observation, where a greedy Mandarin covets the cash of Mr. Li from Japan, what protection is a special pass? The usual charge is trumped up, the "squeeze" extorted, and the Mandarin forwards his own version of the incident to headquarters should any enquiry be made. On the other hand, whether they be naturalised as British or Japanese subjects, they never suffer conscription. In Japan the Chinaman can live cheaper and earn bigger interest on his money, and he knows that every dollar of it is safe from either unfair taxation or official extortion. Many foreigners are beginning to find this out, and there are some with moderate capital who permanently reside there for similar reasons to those that used to cause English families in reduced circumstances to reside on the Continent. High taxation, and the low value of money may yet do for England what official corruption has done for China, exiling its citizens who have made moderate competences. As for the "benefit or assistance" of his country's Representative, the foreigner in Japan, Chinese or other, rarely needs it. Except in certain business transactions, the Japanese courts are as safe a refuge for the foreigner as for the native; and in the few wrong trade decisions, the Minister or Consul can or does do nothing to put things right. With regard to China's present uneasiness about this exile of capital, it can never be allayed until there are domestic changes of a bigness and importance at present scarcely realized. Those who are, by this proclamation, put in the mind once more to set foot on their native heath will continue to do as numerous others in like circumstances have been doing; that is, to select Hongkong or Shanghai as the place in which to spend the incomes derived by their industry and thrift. Even such inducements as high official appointments fail to tempt them to do otherwise, for they well know on how precarious a tenure the favour of Peking is enjoyed, under a system which encourages tale-bearing, as often false as true. Thus they flock to Hongkong and Shanghai, in great numbers, those places doing for the East what London does for Europe, sheltering the oppressed, and offering asylum to those who have reason to fear oppression. Unfortunately, all these alien refugees are not in the happy position of those whom Peking is now trying to entice. As to the patriotism of the Chinese who become naturalised subjects in other lands, it ill becomes the official class of China to throw the first stone at them. The patriotism of the class which has made China such a "distressful country as never yet was seen" will not bear too close an examination.

The German Mail of the 1st March was delivered in London on the 30th ult.

The time-table of the *Hongkong*, running between Hongkong and Macao has been changed for the summer season.

It was Punch who reported of a certain Royal baby that the moment he heard he was heir to the Russian throne he cried.

"Who is the policeman," asked a Colombo defendant, with a contemptuous gesture, "who would not give false evidence for 50 cts.?"

The auction of Japanese Curios advertised to take place to-day (Saturday) by Mr. Geo. P. Lamont is postponed to Thursday next, the 6th inst. at 2.30 p.m.

"Intercepted letters" were not written by Mr. Donald after all, it appears; and our Sherlock Holmes Reviewer is seeking his friend Dr. Watson for a big pill to cure his punctured pride. Mr. Donald softens the blow by admitting the plausibility of the Reviewer's deductions; but assures us they were quite wrong. The letters were in a lady's calligraphy; and Mr. Donald had no more to do with them than as editor receiving them for publication.

It is often said that the pursuit of knowledge has nobility of its own. But what knowledge? You may find out what all the numerals in Bradshaw add up to; or who was Napoleon's great-aunt; or what Mary Shelley ate; or who really wrote the tune of "God Save the King"; or the Letters of Junius; or who really started the kinetic theory of gases. In each case you will say: "What is the use of such knowledge?" Your question at once commands the answer, "No knowledge is worth obtaining for its own or any other sake unless it is, or will probably be, useful to man."

Who says Punch hath lost his savour? Here is one of his recent trifles:—General Stoessel has given an indignant denial to *The Times* allegations against himself as to Fort Arthur. If there was a large amount of ammunition left at the time of the surrender, then it was not his fault but the fault of those officers whose duty it was to throw it into the sea.—And this: The latest official returns show that Revivalism is spreading even to Trade, and Mr. Chamberlain is reported to be seriously alarmed.

By kind permission of Colonel W. G. B. Western C. B. and officers, the band of the second Battalion "The Queen's Own" (Royal West Kent Regiment) will play the following "Programme of Music" during dinner at the Hongkong Hotel this (Saturday) evening:—  
March ... "Hoch Habsburg" ... Kral  
Overture to ... "Mirella" ... Gounod  
Selection from "The Country Girl" ... Monckton  
Yuletide ... "Amoroso Tenor" ... Thomas  
Romance ... "Simple Air" ... Thomas  
Fantasia ... "Plantation Song" ... Chasman  
Cake Walk ... "A Georgia Camp Meeting" Mills  
Menu—Hors d'Oeuvres—Anchovy Canapes.  
Soup—Potage a la Windsor. Fish—Baked Fish  
a la Normande. Entrees—Chicken on Compote.  
Braised Leg of Mutton a la Bretonne, Macaroni au Gratin. Curry—Burmah. Joint, &c.—Roast Sirloin of Beef, Roast Pheasant, Boiled Corned Ox Tongue and Carrots, Cold Lobster Mayonnaise and Prawn Salad. Sweets—Bread and Butter Pudding, Chocolate Ice cream and Sand Cake, Apple Tart, Tipy Cake, Dessert—Coffee, Fruits.

## CAMPBELL, MOORE &amp; CO., LD.

## ANNUAL MEETING.

The nineteenth ordinary annual meeting of shareholders in Campbell, Moore and Company, Limited, was held at the Company's office, No. 29, Queen's Road Central, at noon yesterday. Mr. J. W. Osborne (Chairman) presided, and there were also present Mr. M. A. A. Souza (Secretary), Messrs. A. O'D. Gourdin, Dangchee, V. P. Masse Peralta and Captain Clarke. The CHAIRMAN—Gentlemen—The report and accounts have been in your hands for several days. With your permission we shall follow the usual course and take them as read. Nothing can be stated that would give shareholders more information than that contained in the accounts. The business here and at the branch establishment is prosperous, and I look forward to a successful year and hope that next year we shall give as good a return as we do now, or better. Before proposing the adoption of the report and accounts any questions shareholders like to ask I shall be pleased to answer.

There were no questions. The adoption of the report and accounts was proposed by the CHAIRMAN, seconded by Mr. A. O'D. GOURDIN, and carried.

Captain CLARKE proposed the re-election of Mr. A. O'D. GOURDIN and Mr. DANACHEE seconded, and it was carried.

## GEO. FENWICK AND CO., LD.

## EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

A second extraordinary general meeting of this Company was held at the Hongkong Hotel yesterday at noon, for the purpose of confirming as a special resolution, the resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on the 11th March last, and previously published in these columns. There were present:—Mr. A. Rodger (Chairman of Directors), Mr. W. Purland (Director), Mr. W. G. Winterburn (General Manager and Secretary) and Messrs. G. de Champeaux, T. Arnold, J. I. Andrew, W. H. Percell and J. K. McCordale.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting and the resolution passed at last extraordinary general meeting, the CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen—This meeting has been called to confirm the special resolution just read to you, and passed on the 11th of this month at a special extraordinary general meeting. With your permission I beg to propose that the resolution be now confirmed.

Mr. DE CHAMPEAUX seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN—Gentlemen, that is all the business. Thanks for your attendance.

## THE GOVERNOR'S VOLUNTEER SHIELD.

The annual musketry competition for the challenge shield (Hongkong Volunteer Corps) presented by His Excellency the Governor will be held on Saturday the 29th April, commencing at 1.30 p.m. Teams of eight will be drawn from the Engineer Company and from each half Artillery Company. Men not efficient will not be allowed to compete. The ranges will be 200, 500 and 600 yards. Competitors will use the weapons as issued from the armory of the H.K.V.C., but private slings will be allowed. Seven shots to be fired by each competitor at each range, and one sighting shot. One blow off to be allowed at the 200 yards range only. The order of firing by Units to be settled by lot on a day previous to the competition. Each competition to be carried out all on one day, to be appointed by the Commandant. All Competitors to be in uniform. The competition to be carried out as far as possible under Biele rules, but without prejudice to any of the above mentioned conditions. Two reserves required with each team. No orthotics, varnishes or paint will be allowed, but plain glasses will be permitted in case of defective eyesight.

## TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" SERVICE.]

## MOROCCO.

LONDON, 31st March.

The German policy in Morocco (supporting the Sultan) is causing a good deal of irritation in France.

[REUTER'S SERVICE.]

## FRANCE AND GERMANY.

LONDON, 29th March.

The French semi-official press affects unconcern at the Kaiser's visit to Tangier; but the tone of the newspapers of both countries generally shows the significance attached thereto.

## THE WAR.

["DAILY PRESS" SERVICE.]

## ROOSEVELT THE PEACE-MAKER.

## SUSPENSION OF HOSTILITIES EXPECTED.

LONDON, 31st March.

Japan is reported to be willing to listen to proper proposals for peace.

The *Times* goes so far as to say that on the initiative of Japan, both Russia and Japan have agreed to accept the offices of President Roosevelt as mediator. An immediate suspension of hostilities is expected in consequence.

## VLADIVOSTOCK ISOLATED.

LONDON, 31st March.

The newspapers are repeating the statement that the railway connection between Harbin and Vladivostock has been successfully cut by the Japanese.

[REUTER'S SERVICE.]

## THE DOOMED ARMADA.

LONDON, 29th March.

Reuter's correspondent at Durban wires that the *Dart* from Rangoon sighted thirty warships with fifteen colliers on the 19th inst. steaming eastward, 250 miles north-east of Madagascar.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## KOWLOON WANTS A CLUB.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."—Hongkong, March 31, 1905.  
Sir:—In view of the increasing popularity of Kowloon for European residence, I am at a loss to understand why there has not yet been a club established therein for social and other purposes among the numerous Kowloonites. I hope some of your readers on the peninsula will take the matter up, and call for a meeting to give the subject a formal discussion.

I am, yours &amp;c.

## A WOULD-BE KOWLOONITE.

## "INTERCEPTED LETTERS"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."—Hongkong, 31st March.  
Sir:—With reference to the statement in your review of "Intercepted Letters" we beg to say that you are mistaken in attributing the authorship to Mr. W. H. Donald. This gentleman had nothing to do with the letters; they were in fact written by a lady, who wishes to keep her identity concealed.—Yours faithfully,  
KELLY & WALSH LD.

## RUSSIAN DISSENSIONS.

According to despatches from Mukden the conduct of General Gripenberg in leaving for Russia at a moment's notice, without even going through the formality of bidding good-bye to General Kuropatkin, has made a most unpleasant impression on the army.

Messengers from Chifoo return to the charge against General Stoessel. General Smirnov is credited with saying that the ex-Commandant was perpetually quarrelling with General Kuropatkin. He sought every occasion of asserting his authority, and devoted far more time and energy to worrying non-combatants than he did to the military operations. He was continually deriding their timidity, and actually forced them to leave their sheltered positions.

None of the engineers, it is asserted, were equal to their duties, except the late General Rashevsky. General Stoessel himself is alleged to have remarked that the Japanese shells pierced the Russian works as if they were clay.

Many of the people in Port Arthur are ready to swear that ammunition was deliberately thrown away after the capitulation. The soldiers were allowed to go back in rage, although there was plenty of clothing in the storehouses, until the supply officers either threw it into the sea or scattered it about the hills.

Accounts received in Odessa from the front are dependent over the dissensions among the Commanders and the demoralisation of the troops, which are growing with the prolonged inactivity.—Standard.

## LOCAL SPORT.

## YACHTING.

Cruiser Race round Island.—The following are the arrangements for the re-sailed race to be held on Sunday April 9th (weather being favourable) in connection with the R.H.K.Y.C. Yachts to anchor in Junk Bay, in small bay on east side of Bokoinkok on Saturday (8th) evening (if possible).

Start by crossing line to be arranged on spot.

First boat starts 8 a.m.

Fishing line. Flagstaff on Takoo Sugar Refinery Wharf and flagstaff on Refinery.

Race to be declared off if not finished by 7 p.m.

Course round Island, Cape D'Aguiar first Handicap as before.

Times of guns:—Alexandra, 7.55 a.m. and 8 a.m.

Tina and Dorothy, 8h. 12m. 30sec. and 8h. 17m. 30sec.

Snipe, Tavy, Thistle and Brynhilde, 8h. 41m. 40sec. and 8h. 45m. 40sec.

Australian and Beta, 9m. 50sec. and 9m. 10sec.

La Cigale and Haidice, 9m. 40sec. and 9m. 45sec.

No Chinese allowed to steer.

Diaphanes need not be taken.

Conditions and rules (with above alterations) of former race to apply.

The Corinthian Yacht Club are re-sailing their fifth club race to-morrow, over course No. 3.

## CRICKET.

H.K.C.C. "A" v. Craigengower. This League match will take place at 2.15 p.m. on the latter Club's ground to-day. The following is the Craigengower team:—L. F. Lamont, (Capt.), M. E. Asger, L. A. Rose, R. Bass, J. D. Kinnaird, R. Pestonji, E. S. Ford, J. Craik, J. P. Jordan, J. L. Stuart and I. D'Almada e Castro. The H.K.C.C. "A" will be represented by the following:—A. Mackenzie, C. H. Fallow, C. H. Mackay, F. J. Gibson, F. C. Butler, N. H. Rutherford, J. Hooper, Rev. A. R. Wells, A. Oliver, P. R. Wolf and Another.

The League Table remains unchanged as the matches fixed for last week were abandoned on account of the wet weather.

In the league match, Kowloon C.C. v. Police C.C. at Happy Valley at 2 p.m. to-day, the Kowloon team will be:—L. F. Lamson (Capt.), Lt. F. C. Burd, Lt. G. H. W. Dobbin, Lt. W. B. Duncan, Dr. J. H. Swan, Dr. H. E. Blaney, Dr. C. Fox, Walter Dixon, J. Robinson, E. R. Herton and S. Lightfoot.

The match between the Hongkong C.C. and a League fifteen, which was to have been played to-day, has been abandoned owing to the soft nature of the ground which has, shortly, to be used for tennis.

Some of the teams in the Cricket League have two more matches to play, some three. Owing to the recent rains it is hardly likely that the series will be finished before the 22nd instant.

## FOOTBALL.

A meeting of the Committee of the Hongkong Football Shield competition was held last evening when it was decided to play the final competition, H.M.S. *Glory* v. West Kents, this afternoon, on the Club ground commencing at 4.15. Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar is to be referee, and Messrs. Mann and Russo, Linesmen. If conclusive the shield and medals will be presented after the match.

The final in the Soldiers' Club Football Cup, Royal Engineers and the West Kents, will be played on the Club ground next Saturday, the 8th instant, commencing at 4.15 p.m.

The Secretary of H.M.S. *Glory* Football Club has suggested that this team should play the Royal Engineers in a friendly, for he thinks that the R.E. men should have put up a better fight in the semi-final for the Hongkong Shield.

## SAGHALIEN.

The *Singapore Free Press* says:—One item in the future peace settlement between victorious Japan and defeated Russia will be a change in the ownership of the island of Saghalien, that long island off the mouth of the Amur river, which has forty years past been used by Russia as a penal settlement. Up to 1857 Japan owned the southern half of the island and once owned the whole of it. But Russia in 1875 compelled Japan to give up the portion she still held, granting to Japan certain of the Kurile Islands as a quid pro quo. But Japan has not forgotten the coercion applied to her then, and it is reasonable to assume that Saghalien will revert to its original owner, as one of the results of the present war. This island, about 670 miles long, and from 20 to 150 miles wide, is densely timbered and highly mineralised. But one point, in regard to the natural resources of Saghalien, gives that island a high economic value in these days of liquid fuel. An engineer who has visited the oil-bearing lands and deposits of petroleum in Texas and in Pennsylvania and was subsequently employed in the exploration of similar deposits in Saghalien, has declared that what he had seen in the United States was nothing in comparison with what exists in the great island of the Amoor Gulf. Again, a report of the Consular Agent of the United States at Vladivostock states that the petroliferous springs in the district of the river Nootova, one of the chief rivers of the island, surpass in importance those of Baku. There are in that district seven subterranean lakes of asphaltum, one of which has an area of about 60,000 square metres. It is no matter for wonder if Japan bears all this in mind in arranging for the future of Saghalien. Even although Japan herself produces a good deal of oil, she has had to import more than fifteen million of yen worth in 1901. The naphtha and oil of Saghalien, exploited by Japanese companies, would naturally be exported to Japan as a near and convenient market. The Russians, on the other side, would feel the loss of the control of that supply of all which has a high value for its use in the river navigation of the Amoor and for its general use in Siberian trade.

## WATKINS, LIMITED.

## ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of this Company was held at noon yesterday. Mr. G. A. Watkins presided and there were also present Messrs. Chan A. Fook (Secretary), Chow Han Wah, Wang Loung Him and Tsang Yut Kai.

The CHAIRMAN in proposing the adoption of the annual report said:—Gentlemen,—With your permission I propose to take the General Managers' report for last year as read, and proceed at once to make the few remarks I have in my mind. From the statements now before you, you will see that substantial amounts have been written off the two assets 'Aerated Water Plant' and 'Shop Fittings and Furniture' and trust that these appropriations meet with your concurrence.

The next item amongst the assets calling for notice is the building, which appears as only \$15,040 against last year's figure of \$22,720. The difference is accounted for by the reduction of the monthly instalments paid off during the year under review. The instalments, I may add, were treated as rent and debited to the Working account of 1904 out of the profits of the year. One more item, and we will finish with this side of the account, and that is the balance of \$2,000 (which has since been paid in full)—due from Messrs. J. C. Logan & Co. for the purchase of our launch, which was sold to them last December. Now for the liabilities.—The bills, loans and accounts payable all show a decrease as compared with last year, amounting together to over \$15,000. But, unfortunately, the bank overdraft amounted to nearly \$10,000 more. And it is due entirely to this fact that your General Managers find themselves compelled to carry forward all last year's profits, \$12,604.82, instead of paying the usual 10 per cent. dividend. Profit and loss account exhibits a credit balance of \$12,604.82 against \$11,042.22 of the previous year, an increase of \$1,562.60, a result which the General Managers trust the shareholders think satisfactory. I don't think there is anything else in the accounts calling for any special attention, but I shall be pleased to give any further information which any of you gentlemen here may wish to ask. The receipts, or sales, during last year show an increase, and this year, so far, may be considered as satisfactory.

Mr. CHOW HAN WAH seconded the proposition, which was carried.

The CHAIRMAN—That is all the business gentlemen, thank you for your attendance to-day. I hope that next time I shall have the pleasure of declaring a more substantial dividend, and be able to tell you that dividend warrants will be ready the following day.

The report said:—

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

After providing for all bad and doubtful debts, and including the \$1,042.22 carried forward from last year, the balance at credit of this account amounts to ... \$12,604.82

From which has to be deducted the following sums written off as depreciation, viz:—

From plant and machines ... \$2,000.00  
From furniture and fixtures ... 2,000.00

4,000.00

Leaving, available, the sum of ... \$12,604.82 which sum the General Managers propose to carry forward to the current year's account.

## EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDEND FUND.

The amount at credit of this fund remains as before, \$4,802.57.

AUDITOR.  
The accounts have been audited by Mr. A. O'D. GOURDIN.

Accounts are as follows:—  
BALANCE-SHEET.  
31st December, 1904.

Capital 10,000 shares at \$10 fully paid up ... 100,000.00  
Equalization of dividend fund ... 4,802.57  
Unclaimed dividends ... 605.60  
Hong Kong Chinese Bank ... 21,285.43  
Bills payable ... 2,143.82  
Loans payable ... 5,750.00  
Accounts payable:—Trade Bills, \$4,802.57  
Sundry creditors 4,251.50

31,511.00  
Building mortgage loan ... 15,040.00  
Profit and loss account ... 12,604.82

\$188,733.31

ASSETS.  
Aerated water plant, as per last report ... \$7,000.00  
Less written off ... 2,000.00

5,000.00  
Shop fittings and furniture &c. as per last statement ... 15,377.18  
Since added ... 2,317.74

17,694.92  
Less written off ... 2,000.00

15,694.92  
Building ... 15,040.00  
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ... 21,285.43  
Cash ... 811.62  
Sums due to 1905 ... 938.07  
Stock &c. with branches ... 14,776.22  
Stock on hand ... 9,454.11

J. C. Logan & Co.—balance due for purchase of steam launch ... 2,000.00  
Accounts receivable ... \$1,725.03  
Trade accounts ... 2,481.00

\$188,733.31

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.  
To loss on sale of steam launch ... \$ 300.00  
To amount written off for depreciation:—  
From aerated water plant ... \$ 2,000.00  
From shop fittings and furniture 2,000.00

4,000.00  
To balance ... 12,604.82

\$10,604.82

By balance forward from last year \$11,042.22  
Less 10 per cent. dividend ... 1,000.00

1,042.22  
By net profits made in the year 1904, less bad and doubtful debts written off ... 15,862.60

\$10,604.82

On Thursday night a collision occurred in the harbour between the launch *Lee Tung* and a passenger junk with 32 people on board. The junk was injured so badly that she almost immediately became water-logged. The launch stopped and rescued all but three of the passengers, who are supposed to have been drowned. An inquiry will be held.



## SUPREME COURT.

Friday, 31st March.

IN APPELLATE JURISDICTION.

Before Sir H. S. BAKER (Chief Justice) and Mr. T. SERCOMBE SMITH (Puisne Judge).

TANG TSE U. V. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. Judgment was given in this case. At the hearing, Messrs. M. W. Shaw and H. G. Calhoun, instructed by Mr. John Harston (of Messrs. Ewens and Harston) appeared for the appellant; and the Attorney General (Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C.) and Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by the Crown Solicitor (Mr. F. B. L. Bowley) for the respondent.

The Chief Justice said it was an appeal from a decision of the Land Court disallowing the claim of the appellant, one of several rival claimants, to the absolute ownership of a portion of the foreshore at Cheung Shu Wan, formerly within the territories of the Emperor of China, but since the date of the Kowloon Extension Agreement, part of the Colony of Hongkong, and officially known as "The New Territories." The foreshore claimed extended for a length of about two miles along what is now part of the northern shore of Hongkong Harbour, and comprised an area of about 150 acres. This foreshore, of little or no value before the Kowloon Extension Agreement, had since its inclusion in Hongkong Harbour become of very high value. In the claim presented to the Land Court in 1901 the value was placed at \$50,000; but it was stated at the Bar in the course of argument on appeal that the value now exceeded \$2,000,000. In the course of his long written judgment, His Lordship decided that the appellant's case had failed entirely, and that the appellant who formerly held a certain area of the foreshore in Chang-sha-wan Bay under licences from the Chinese authorities, which required him to reclaim the foreshore, was obliged by the law of China to reclaim such foreshore within the prescribed period of six years from the date of the licence, and having failed to do so, lost by lapse of time all right to the foreshore on the 26th August 1896. Consequently the appellant had at the time of the decision of the Land Court (on the 1st July 1898) no right of any kind in respect of the lands which he claimed, and could not therefore require the Hongkong Government either to grant him any right to the land, or to award any compensation in respect thereof.

Mr. Justice Smith first set out the Convention of the 9th June 1898 between the Emperor of China and Queen Victoria, which ceded to Britain the New Territories. He referred to the provision of the Convention against the expropriation of inhabitants in the New Territories, and set out the Order in Council dated the 20th October 1898 declaring that the New Territories were part and parcel of the Colony of Hongkong. This required that measures should be taken to reconcile the dominion of the Crown with rights of ownership. To effect that object Ordinances 4 of 1900 was enacted on the 23rd July, 1900—the Land Court Ordinance.

The constitution of the Land Court under that ordinance and the powers of that court were then dealt with.

The learned judge next referred to the application for leave to appeal; and to the notice of motion on behalf of the plaintiff to adduce further evidence, which was refused. He also gave a summary of the judgment of the president of the Land Court. Before proceeding to examine the merits of the claim he dealt with certain preliminary points. He held that the nature of the proceeding was in effect an action to establish title and that the burden of proof lay on the appellant. He minutely dealt with the question of the proof, admissibility and effect of the documents adduced as evidence, such as the official despatches or letters between Chinese departments, petitions of Chinese, general and local statutes of the Chinese Empire, regulations of the boards and records of the courts of China. He held that official despatches and petitions were not admissible as evidence, that the general and local statutes were admissible as part of the evidence of the experts who produced them, and that where the evidence of the witnesses was conflicting the Court might examine and construe for itself the passages quoted. The regulations of the boards were held to be admissible as public documents.

As regards the awards and judgments of the courts of China the question arose whether they were judgments in rem or judgments in personam. In quoting Story and Smith's leading cases, the Puisne Judge adopted Story's wider language in preference to the narrower language in Smith's leading cases, so as not to deprive the plaintiff of what in deciding a nice point of law would have been evidence for him. He adopted the view that most of those judgments were judgments in rem and therefore conclusive against the world.

His Honour also dealt in detail with the admissibility in evidence of the forty odd documents which constituted the exhibit BNI and having dealt with this point proceeded to examine the terms "reclaim," "reclamation," "assessed to land tax," "entered on the tax register," "cancelled," and "exercise the right of ownership," which were translations of the various Chinese terms about which there was a difference of opinion.

The next point dealt with was the procedure on appeals from decisions of the Land Court which was to follow as nearly as might be the procedure in case of appeal against the decision of the Puisne Judge. He pointed out that this was an appeal on questions of fact and questions of law, and that so far as the question of law was concerned, as required by Section 36 of Ordinance 4 of 1873.

Having dealt with these preliminary matters

he explained the origin and axis one of the four documents of claim relied upon by the appellant and known as AO and AS, and AP and AT. He selected AT as a test document. The appellant's case rested on this document. It read as follows:—

"Foreshore sealed receipt for landholder.—The Provincial Treasurer of Kwong Tung in the matter of issuing a sealed receipt. I, the Treasurer, have received, in reply to my despatch, a minute from their Excellencies the Viceroy and Governor approving that landholders should voluntarily report their families, fields, banks, make payment, apply for acquisition be granted in the first instance a sealed receipt to hold as proof, be permitted to cultivate as usual, use labour to reclaim, and that they should come again in each separate case to exchange the sealed receipt for a Treasurer's certificate under which to exercise ownership and pay tax according to class. Now Landholder . . . of . . . District, being of the household . . . of the . . . borough, the . . . parish and the . . . tything, member of family . . . district, at the place named . . . of sand water white banks in all four keng and has paid in all as the regulation fee Taels 80 and as compensation for loss on exchange Taels 64, which sums, having been received and weighed by a deputy of the Branch Office, it is proper, as a first step, to issue a sealed receipt in respect of the foreshore thus voluntarily reported permitting the applicant to cultivate as usual, use labour to reclaim according to the four boundaries and dimensions, and to wait until an accurate survey has been made, when he should take with him this sealed receipt and exchange it for a Treasurer's certificate. A necessary sealed receipt. Boundaries as under:—East, Sham Shui Po; West, Lai Chi Kok Custom House; South, the sea; North, salt fields the taxed property of the same family. Issued on the 12th day of the 7th moon of the 16th year of Kwong Sui (26th August 1890)."

The Puisne Judge examined this document minutely. Attention was drawn to the phrases in it "in the first instance," "come again to exchange it for a Treasurer's certificate," "hold as proof," "permitted" and "applied for acquisition." The document *prima facie* did not confer ownership. It was clear that the holder of the document was to take active steps to exchange it for a Treasurer's certificate. But before the exchange could take place there was to be an official survey. The appellant argued that as this official survey had not been made he could not carry out his part by exchanging his sealed receipt for a Treasurer's certificate. To this it was replied that before the survey could be made the appellant's duty was to report that the land was fit to be surveyed. This he had not done and His Honour held that this report by the holder of the document was a necessary preliminary to the official survey for the purposes of placing the land on the tax register.

The learned judge then proceeded to enquire whether there was any limit of time within which such report had to be made, and stated that the answer to this question depended on the answer to another question "was there a limit of time within which the land permitted to be reclaimed was bound to be reclaimed and entered on the tax register?" After examining the evidence of the skilled witnesses on both sides, the evidence of the appellant in the court below and the law of China bearing on the point, he held it proved that the land covered by the appellant's documents of claim was required by the law of China to be reclaimed or cultivated and entered on the tax register within six years of the date of issue of these documents, namely by the 26th August 1896.

After explaining the *Chik Lo* tax he went into two arguments advanced by the appellant's counsel (1) that unreclaimed land rightly paid taxes at *Chik Lo* rate and (2) that Treasurer's certificates were legally issued in respect of unreclaimed land. Both the arguments were rejected as unsound.

After this digression he turned again to examine the documents of claim, stating that *prima facie* they did not confer ownership which accrued only upon the receipt of a Treasurer's certificate accompanied by payment of taxes. He then dealt with the evidence on the question of how ownership was acquired, and after examining the expert evidence, the appellant's evidence and the law of China on the subject came to the conclusion that the holder of sealed receipts such as the appellant's documents of claim in this case did not acquire absolute ownership of the land permitted by such sealed receipt to be reclaimed. After making a few more remarks upon the tenor of these documents he wound up on this point thus:—

"As I think it would be rash to apply to the document AT any term bearing a definite legal meaning in English law, I must express myself in the following periphrasis concerning it. It is a preliminary document permitting reclamation of certain sandbank, and in course of time is to be exchanged for a further and final document called a Treasurer's certificate. After six years from the issue of AT, the sandbank must be reclaimed, entered on the land tax register and pay tax. If the reclamation is accomplished within the allotted time, the holder of AT must report that fact, whereupon the officials will have the sandbank surveyed. Ownership is not immediately acquired by the holder of AT, but is conferred when, after reclamation and entry on the tax register, the Treasurer's certificate is obtained in exchange."

Before proceeding to notice in detail other arguments put forward by the appellant the learned judge established the proposition that only reclaimed land could go on to the tax register.

It was asserted for the appellant that the judgments of a foreign court were the best proof of the law of that foreign country. By English law, however, foreign law must be proved as a fact by skilled witnesses, so the judgments contained in BNI were not admissible as proof of the law of China. He showed that the Chinese magistrates could not have called sealed receipts, which are the appellant's documents of claim, titles, or *Kai* as the Chinese character is. He also showed that the word "certificate" as used by magistrates in respect of the same sealed receipts was a misnomer and that the Treasury receipts mentioned in Rule 11 of the Sha Tin Kuk Rules were not the same as sealed receipts or as Treasurer's certificates. He next dealt with the argument that the Chinese magistrates had recognised that the appellant was the owner of the land, which he was permitted under his documents of claim to reclaim. He showed that the same phrase "exercise the right of ownership" was used in respect of Chinese title deeds and breaching licences and sealed receipts, and that the phrase was one of varying import, the exact meaning of which must be arrived at by the examination of the document in which it occurred, or to which it related, so that the phrase "to exercise the right of ownership" or sealed receipt conferred did not mean more than to exercise such rights as the certificate or sealed receipt conferred. Another argument of the appellant was that he had, with the sanction of a Chinese magistrate, granted a perpetual lease of the land he now claimed to a Chinese company for building purposes, and that the recognition of this lease by a Chinese magistrate proved that he had such an estate in the land which he was permitted to reclaim as to enable him to carve out of that estate a lease. The Court pointed out that though the magistrate might have recognised the existence and registration of this lease it did not follow that the appellant had a legal right to make such a lease. The right to make such a lease was never investigated in the Chinese courts and therefore the magistrates were never called upon to decide whether or not the appellant had an estate out of which this lease could be granted. The mere fact of registration proved no more than that the lease was duly registered. It did not prove that the appellant had any right as against the Chinese Government to make such a lease. It was also pointed out that the Chinese word for lease was used to describe such various documents as "breaching licences," "sealed receipts" and "leases" proper. The term, therefore, seemed to be one of varying import depending upon the document to which it was applied. Because it was applied to the appellant's documents of claim it could not be said that these documents of claim were leases, and that therefore the appellant as Crown lessee had power to sublet. The three main arguments of the appellant hitherto noticed were:—

(1) That his documents of claim conferred absolute ownership (2) that they conferred an estate out of which a perpetual lease could be given (3) that a Treasurer's certificate was issued and taxes at *Chik Lo* rates were paid, in respect of unreclaimed land.

As regards the subsidiary arguments of the plaintiff, the court held it was not proved that the Chinese land register conferred title: that the Crown was not now stopped by reason of its argument in the court below from arguing that the appellant was not owner of the land: that the time limit of thirty years from the date of application to reclaim was not fixed by rule No. 9 of the Sha Tin Kuk Rules; and that the six years' limit prescribed for the reclamation of sand banks was not abolished with regard to the Sun On District.

Having dealt with these subsidiary arguments the court proceeded to enquire what was the result of the appellant not having fulfilled the conditions under which he was permitted to reclaim. The appellant's argument on this point was that the Chinese government had no right to re-enter on the lands comprised in his documents of claim, that such a right of re-entry was not expressed on the face of these documents, and was too severe a measure to be employed in law, for the law leaned against forfeiture. On the other hand the respondent argued that the appellant's documents of claim were on the face of them mere permits, that they were issued upon conditions which attached to them by the law of China that, such conditions not having been fulfilled, the rights conferred by the permits had lapsed. The oral, affidavit and statutory evidence on this point having been examined minutely by the learned judge, he came to the conclusion that the law of China as propounded by the Crown's skilled witnesses was more consistent with both the conditions annexed by that law, and the general tenor of the appellant's documents of claim, than was the law of China as propounded by the appellant's skilled witnesses. The judgment ended as follows:—On the evidence I hold that AS and AT were voidable by the Chinese Government on the 26th August 1896. But though that Government did not exercise its power of avoidance the right to avoid passed to the British Government and can be exercised at any moment. In my opinion that right of avoidance has not yet been exercised. The reason for this is that until it had been held that such a right of avoidance existed, the Crown was not in a position to exercise its right. It may now rescind AS and AT, the right to rescind not having been abandoned by the Chinese Government. One of the skilled witnesses for the respondent declares that under the circumstances existing in this case the land reverts to Government. The Chinese Government it is clear was never divested of its ownership of the soil. It permitted the appellant to enter on the soil for the purpose of reclaiming it within a prescribed time. That time expired and the conditions of occupation remained unfulfilled.

The permission to occupy came to an end therefore when the allotted term had passed and the conditions imposed by the permission were unperformed. In such a case I can not see that there was any necessity for any active steps on the part of the Chinese government to cancel or avoid the documents of permission. It seems to me that the rights conferred by these documents having elapsed by effluxion of time, the documents themselves became mere waste paper having no value. If the documents of claim AS and AT are only voidable, I am of opinion that the judgment appealed from must be upheld. If they are of no more effect than expired permits, the appellant equally fails, for his documents ceased on the 26th August 1896 to confer on him any right even of entry and conditional occupation. The appeal should be dismissed with costs.

## REVIEWS.

*My Chinese Note Book*, by Lady SUSAN TOWNLEY. London: Methuen & Co. 36, Essex St., W.C.

Sixteen capital pictures, two good maps, some useful tables, and one or two chatty chapters towards the end of it, describing the Empress Dowager and her court, make Lady Townley's book a welcome addition to the great number of travel books with which we have been lately startled. To have written the major part of this book the lady has admittedly had to read a great deal, and to have read all she has, with sufficient care to summarise as she has done, stamps her intelligence as of the right order to make what little original contribution there is of a sort worth reading. The style is feminine, with a plethora of exclamation marks; and the writer who has had sufficient individual taste for choice of words, such as a preference for "idiotic" where the adverbial terminal "at" seemed out of place, has yet not declined to repeat the objectionable use of "pretty" in phrases like "pretty certain." There is here and there a disconcerting tone in speaking of Chinese faiths, only to be expected from one who no doubt clings to her own with all reverence; and sometimes it is the case that in condensing all there is to say a wrong impression is risked, as when on page 66 she attributes the Shanghai riots of 1899 to "desecration of a Chinese cemetery by Frenchmen," which was hardly the way to express it. It is to be hoped readers will not accept the chapter headed "Taoism" as the last word on that subject; and Buddhists will certainly regret the chapter devoted to their cult. The rest of the book, not yet particularly, is frankly travel gossip written for friends at home, and has a little more than average interest, for Lady Townley was an indefatigable sightseer, and took evident pains to miss nothing worth describing. The exhaustive index at the end gives it the outward seeming of a work of reference to the character we fear it is not fully entitled. The publishers, as usual, have done their part nobly.

*The Downfall of Russia*, by Hugo GOMZ. London: Hodder and Stoughton, 27, Paternoster Row, 6s.

A timely book, of unique interest; and, if we accept its assurances of being unbiased, and written from "behind the scenes," a book of unusual value, for it upsets several popular notions of the government of the Tsar. It is just to add that some of its predictions have been startlingly fulfilled. The author is the "well known correspondent of Vienna," who visited Russia on a tour of enquiry just before war broke out, and was still there when that happened. In the light of subsequent happenings, the two chapters on Warsaw are almost inspired. The description of St. Petersburg is of vivid interest, and reads quite truthfully. Of the Priest it is written:—

"He is especially accredited with a decided predilection for various distilled liquors that at times exert a doubtful influence on a man's behavior. . . for spiritual garments the gutter is even less a place of legitimate rest, and, at any rate, it is difficult to acknowledge as the appointed interpreter of God's will a man whose mouth savours of an entirely different spirit from the 'spiritus sanctus.'"

In the churches he noticed "a huge general hypnosis." It has to be admitted that there is some bias apparent in this book, and at times the "revelations" are so surprising as to cast doubt on the genuineness of the interviews. Here is a scrap of the conversation with a "bank director." "Please tell me whether, in your opinion, there is a hidden deficit in the Russian budget or not."

"I say that as long as there are people who are willing to lend to us, we shall pay the interest. Were our budget a real one, we should not need to contract new debts in order to pay the interest on the old ones."

"That is what I wanted to know. And do you consider Russia a really insolvent country, that cannot really pay its debts and cannot bear the burdens of modern national life?"

"On the contrary, Russia is a land intrinsically so rich in untold treasures that it only needs another and a just regime for it to pay its debts and assume still further burdens."

"And this other regime?"

The banker pointed to the East. "Our future is being decided there. If it goes hard with us there, it may become better here more quickly than is expected."

In another interview, one said that, failing more foreign loans, there was another way of getting money. "When the landowner sells his crops, and is thinking of investing his proceeds, the banker will say to him, 'How about a little of the Russian securities?' But aren't they insecure?" answers the good fellow. "The idea! That's only a Jewish trick, on account of Kishineff." And the good fellow will hand over his shekels, for he won't let himself be fooled about Kishineff."

## KODAK

## FILMS

## &amp; ACCESSORIES.

DEVELOPING AND PRINTING UNDERTAKEN.

## LONG HING &amp; CO.

PHOTO GOODS STORE,

17, QUEEN'S ROAD

(SANE PREMISES AS MESSRS. AH CHEE).

139

Hongkong, 27th December, 1904.

## CAMP CONDITIONS IN MANCHURIA.

There have been allusions in certain telegrams from the seat of war to some unexpected and inexplicable symptoms of ill-health, especially amongst the Russian troops. A few remarks from one who is very well acquainted with the climatic conditions in Manchuria and who has had considerable experience in famine relief work amongst people living in underground dwellings may be of interest.

In the first place, all who are acquainted with camp life know how difficult it is to maintain proper sanitary conditions. Trenches and earthworks, especially those under fire, are difficult to keep clean. Now, in Manchuria several hundred thousands of men have been crowded into "dug-outs" or in trenches, without, as regards the vast majority of each army, changing their positions for over four months. The conditions and severe frosts have caused everything, nothing has evaporated, and the hard-frozen ground has made the "earth to earth" treatment difficult. The Chinese, who are naturally of cleanly habits, and have a practical elementary knowledge of simple sanitary methods, will be better off. The more solid materials will doubtless have been cremated in the same way as the natives use to do. The Russians have not, as the same innate ideas of cleanly habits, and, further, they are in a low-lying region, whereas the Japanese are on limestone hills, or on soil largely composed of sand and decomposed quartz or limestones. A vast amount of mud must have saturated the surface of the frozen ground, and now that the sun is rapidly regaining its power, the surface of the soil around the camps will become thawed. The weather has not been unusually severe, and this means that as the spring breaks the fierce sirocco-like winds from the south-west will scarcely blow at all, and these winds, though laden with dust and unpleasant as the March east winds in England, are drastic in their treatment of microbes and disease germs. Without these winds, March is a most unhealthy month in the cities of Southern Manchuria; the air is laden with poison, and even the natives suffer much from sickness. In Mongolia the Mongol hordes to strike his yurt or *khukha* and encamp away from the winter site. Cholera, dysentery, and other summer sicknesses are not usual, but of late years, especially a germ which it is said resembles that of the bacillus plague attacks the throat and lungs of adults, and is worse than diphtheria. The rate of deaths from this disease is not high, but it frequently takes an epidemic and contagious form, and the patient is long in recovering. The mind is terribly depressed and the body weak. Scarlet fever, malarial in several forms, and smallpox often ran riot at this season, and especially the Russians, should suffer. Last year they were on the move, and in the mountains, at this season.

Underground dwellings are generally fairly healthy from November 1 until the Chinese kite-flying season, which commences in the north early in February, when, as the natives affirm, "it is hot," or "earth air" rises—that is to say, when the atmosphere is warmer than the ground. Those in the underground dwellings, despite the system of heating, which consumes much of the carbonic acid gas, become unwell, and suffer from headaches, lassitude, and lack of energy, followed later by sickness and disease. In the native underground vegetable pits plants maintain their greenness and freshness until February, and then, unless much care is taken, become rapidly mouldy, rot, and die. The walls of the "dug-outs" exude unspeakably musty smells, whilst the roofs drip with moisture. Much may be done by opening the roofs, and letting in quantities of fresh air; but the sooner the dwellers vacate their present abodes and remove from their winter quarters altogether the better, or they will find a worse enemy than bullet, shell, or bayonet.—Times.

## BODY OF PAUL JONES DISCOVERED.

A Manila paper announces that the discussion of decades is at an end. The body of John Paul Jones, the gallant officer of the United States navy who died here on July 18th, 1892, has been found in Paris, and exhumed. It will be delivered to the Government of the United States and its permanent examination and handling over will be a coronation affair. The discovery was mainly accidental, though for years there has been a diligent search for the remains. The funeral of John Paul Jones was under the auspices of the French National Assembly, but the records of that occasional government have been partly lost and no hint of where the corpse of America's great hero lay had been found until to-day.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P.M. str. *Siberia*, with mails, &c., left Kobe for this port via Nagasaki and Manila on Friday, the 31st March at 2 a.m., and is due here on the 7th April.

The N.G.L. str. *Capri* left Singapore for this port this morning, and may be expected here on the 6th April.

The Ben Lue str. *Benalder*, from Antwerp and London, left Singapore on the 24th March for this port.

The I.G.M. str. *Prinz Eitel Friedrich*, which left here on the 28th March, arrived at Shanghai yesterday at 6 a.m.

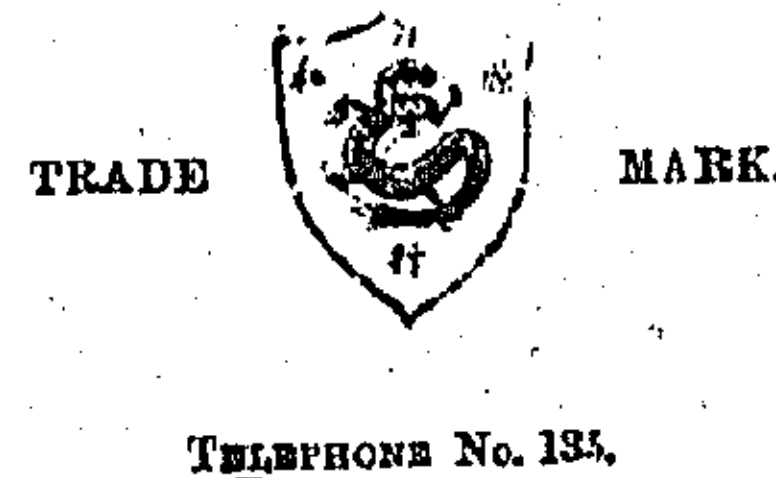
## WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—

On the 31st at 12.37 p.m. The barometer has fallen generally, particularly over China. A depression coming from the continent, appears to be lying near the mouth of the Yangtze and to be moving Eastwards. Gradients slight in the South and S.E., and S. winds may be expected in the Formosa Channel and N. part of the China Sea.

Forecast.—S.E. winds, light or moderate; overcast, some rain.

Telegraphic communication between the Observatory and Hongkong is interrupted.



TELEPHONE No. 134.

## TAN SAN

PER CASE OF 48 PINTS... .. \$6.5

PER CASE OF 100 SPLICITS... .. 8.00

## TAN SAN

SOLE AGENTS—

## H. PRICE &amp; CO.

12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

40

## CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap.

The World's Sweetest Toilet Soap.

Sale Greater Than the World's Product of Other Skin Soaps.

Sold Wherever Civilization Has Penetrated.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, as attested by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and smoothing rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itches and chafes, for annoying irritations, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sensitive, anti-septic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in one soap at one price the most effective skin and complexion soap, and the purest and sweetest toilet, bath and nursery soap ever compounded.

Cuticura Soap is sold in the form of Chocolate Bars, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap are sold throughout the world. Agents: Messrs. H. Price & Co., 12, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

## COPPER-ALLOY METAL PENS OF BRITISH MANUFACTURE.

FILET-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.

SAFETY-PEN.  
-MACHINERY SCALING-PEN.



## NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed to the Manager, Daily Press only, and special business matters to the Editor. For extra copies of Daily Press should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash. Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded. Telegraphic Address: Press, Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed. Lieber's. P.O. Box 33. Telephone No 12.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## NOTICE.

THE INTEREST AND RESPONSIBILITY OF MR. CHARLES STEWART SHARP in our Firm Canceled on the 31st March last. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [873]

## WANTED.

AN EXPERT TYPEWRITER, Good Salary to a Quick Worker. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [874]

## GODOWN WANTED.

WANTED from the 1st of July, 1905, A SMALL GODOWN near the Hongkong Hotel. Particulars by letter to— BOX 157, Care of Daily Press Office. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [875]

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HAMBURG.

WE BEG TO GIVE NOTICE that we have resigned the Agency of the above-named Company from this Day. SIEMSEN & CO. Hongkong Canton, 31st March, 1905. [876]

THE HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERS Holding SPOON orders are requested to present them at Messrs. WANG HING'S on or before the 15th April next, as the Association is winding up. MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Hon. Secretary. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [877]

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA. (Florio and Rubattino United Companies.)

STEAM FOR BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE AND PENANG. Having connection with Company's Mail Steamers to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, LIGHERNO and GENOA, also VENICE and TRIESTE, all Mediterranean, Adriatic, Levantine and South American Ports up to CALAIS. (Taking Cargo at through rates to PERMANENT GULF and BAHAMA, also BARCELONA, VALENZA, ALICANTE, ALMERIA and MALAGA.)

THE Steamship "CAPRI." Captain Belsito, will be despatched as above on WEDNESDAY, the 12th inst., at Noon. At Bombay the Steamship is discharging in Victoria Dock. For further particulars regarding Freight and Passage, apply to CARLOWITZ & CO., Agents. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [4]



AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR FIUME AND TRIESTE (DIRECT), Calling at SINGAPORE, PENANG, RANGOON, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID. (Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRAZIL, to SOUTH AFRICA, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS.)

THE Company's Steamship "TRIESTE." Captain Mistrorigo, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, the 1st May. For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to SANDER, WIELER & CO., Agents, Prince's Buildings. Hongkong, 1st April, 1905. [3]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED, AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer

"AGAMEMNON" are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where in both cases it will be at Consignees' risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on and after the 29th March. Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival. All broken, clafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 11 a.m., on the 3rd April. No Claims will be admitted under the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 3rd April, will be subject to rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 6th April, or they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance has been effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [910]

QUAN WAH & CO. GRANITE AND MARBLE MERCHANTS, EXPORTERS AND CONTRACTORS. Sole Agents of QUAN TAI & CO., Lime Manufacturers. All descriptions of GRANITE AND MARBLE FOR EXPORT. Dealers in GRANITE AND MARBLE MOUNTMENT Prices & Estimates on Application. No. 1, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST. Hongkong, 17th January, 1905. [2]

## INTIMATIONS

ZETLAND LODGE No. 525, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING OF ZETLAND LODGE will be held at the FREE-MASONS' HALL, TO-NIGHT (SATURDAY, the 1st April, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brothers are cordially invited to attend. Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [851]

## WANTED.

TWO Gentlemen require BOARD and RESIDENCE in Private Family. Apply to— P. S. Care of Daily Press Office. Hongkong, 27th March, 1905. [817]

## SITUATION WANTED.

ENGLISHMAN (24) desires position as ASSISTANT or CLERK, Coast Port preferred. Capable Bookkeeper and Accountant. References supplied. Address— A. B. C. Care of Daily Press Office. Hongkong, 24th March, 1905. [795]

## LESSONS IN FRENOCH.

NEW and easy method of learning French in a few months, mainly by conversation with a Frenchman. Terms very moderate. Also Lessons in English by an English Lady. E. R. Care of Office of this Paper. Hongkong, 16th May, 1903. [49]

## HIRANO WATER.

THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS. PURE, SPARKLING, INVIGORATING.

THE LEADING MINERAL WATER OF THE EAST. Bottled in Japan by H. E. BENNETT & CO.

BEWARE OF JAPANESE IMITATIONS. Hongkong, 31st July, 1903. [36]

F. BLACKHEAD & CO., AGENTS.

RUINART PERE & FILS, REIMS

Established 1719. CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND SHIPPERS.

Ship only the Finest Quality Extra Dry (Green Seal) LAUTS, WEGENER & CO., Sole Agents. Hongkong, 18th May, 1904. [21]

CARTRIDGES.

IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THEREFORE ALWAYS FRESH

ELEY'S, SCHULTZ'S, AMBERITE and KYNOK'S SPORTING CARTRIDGES 8, 10, 12, 16, and 20 BORE, and NEWCASTLE CHILLED SHOT in all Sizes, Nos. 10 to 888G. AIR GUNS and AMMUNITION in Variety. WM. SCHMIDT & CO. Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [245]

PURE FRESH WATER.

THE HONGKONG STEAM WATER BOAT CO., LD., is prepared to supply ANY QUANTITY of PURE FRESH WATER to the Shipping, both for Deck and Bolders. Call Flag W. J. W. KEW, Manager. 1st Floor, 37, Connaught Road. Hongkong, 13th June, 1903.

THE AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY

DR. M. H. CHAUN, 37, DES VUEX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG, From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A. Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [61]

SIEN TING.

SURGEON DENTIST, No. 10, DAGUIAR STREET

TERMS VERY MODERATE. Consultation Free. Hongkong, 21st March, 1903. [770]

AUTOMATIC MAUSER PISTOLS.

CALIBRE 7.63 m.m. WITH CHAMBER for 10 CARTRIDGES FIRING 10 SHOTS in 2 SECONDS. SIEMSEN & CO. Hongkong, 3rd October, 1900. [25]

AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 1st APRIL, 1905, at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, QUEEN'S ROAD, A FINE ASSORTMENT OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

RARE SATSUMA, CLOISONNE, HANDSOME BRONZES, BRASS BOWLS, IVORIES, PANELS, and CUT VELVET PICTURES; CUT VELVET and EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. Terms of Sale—As Customary. V. I. REMEDIOS, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [860]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 6th APRIL, 1905, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, Consisting—

FINE BRONZE VASES, and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; SATSUMA VASES, JARS, BOWLS and INCENSE BURNERS, &c.; OLD CUT VELVET HANGINGS; SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c., &c. A SELECTION OF FINE WATER-COLOURS, TERMS—As Customary. GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [861]

## PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held in the COMPANY'S OFFICES, St. George's Building, No. 6, Connaught Road, Victoria, on SATURDAY, the 8th April, 1905, at 11 A.M. for the year ending 31st December, 1904, declaring a Dividend and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Wednesday, the 5th, to Saturday, the 8th April, both days inclusive. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers. Hongkong, 25th March, 1905. [822]

THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., LD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the OFFICES of the Company, St. George's Building, No. 6, Connaught Road, Victoria, on SATURDAY, the 10th April, 1905, at 12 o'clock Noon, to receive a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1904, and the Report of the General Manager and Consulting Committee and to elect a Consulting Committee and Auditors. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 15th day of April, both days inclusive. J. WHEELLEY, General Manager. Hongkong, 28th March, 1905. [828]

WM. POWELL, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND on Account of the year 1904-05, at the Rate of Fifty cents per Share, will be Payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Hongkong, on and after the 10th of April. The REGISTER OF SHARES and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from Wednesday, 5th April until Monday, 10th April, both days inclusive, during which period no Transfers can be Registered. By Order of the Board of Directors. E. A. MOUNTFORD WILLIAMS, Secretary. Hongkong, 3rd March, 1905. [859]

CHINESE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT 7% SILVER LOAN OF 1886, E.

3TH HALF-YEARLY DRAWING.

INTEREST due and DRAWN BONDS of this Loan will be Payable at the Offices of the Corporation on or after the 31st March, 1905.

List of draw bonds can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

For THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, Agents issuing the Loan, J. E. M. SMITH, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 31st March, 1905. [856]

TELEPHONE COMPANY.

KOWLOON EXCHANGE.

THE TELEPHONE AREA WILL BE EXTENDED to include the whole of the Kowloon Peninsula on July 1st next. The Tariff for Telephones on Kowloon Exchange will be the same as in Hongkong and there will be free intercommunication between the two areas.

The Company's Exchanges are open day and night all the year round. As the accommodation is for the present limited, intending Subscribers should communicate at once with THE MANAGER.

CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE AND ELECTRIC CO., LD., 2, Ice House Road. Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [852]

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE, BRITISH and MEXICAN DOLLARS, current in this Colony, in Exchange for Sterling Bills drawn at 10 days sight on the Lord's Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, London, will be received by the Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department, until 11 A.M., on the 3rd April, 1905.

The Tenders to state the total amount (in Pounds Sterling) and the amount for which each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA at Trans-Pacific Service suspend of their each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers, addressed to the CHIEF PAYMASTER, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

F. H. HAYNES, Colonel A.P.O., H.M. Treasury Chest Officer. His Majesty's Treasury Office, Fletcher Street, Hongkong, 30th March, 1905. [853]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.



# ROBINSON PIANO Co. LD.

30 YEARS IN CHINA WITH  
17 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, OF THE  
CLIMATE OF HONGKONG.

## MANUFACTURE THE ONLY PIANOS

MADE IN HONGKONG FOR THE  
CLIMATE OF HONGKONG.

**\$340 TO \$495**  
CASH, HIRE OR CREDIT.

ALL MATERIAL AND PARTS  
SEASONED HERE  
YEARS BEFORE USE.

## BABY GRANDS

FOR SMALL ROOMS WITH  
TONE AND APPEARANCE OF

A FULL GRAND. **\$890**

## BECHSTEIN ROYAL PIANOS.

## PIANO PLAYERS.

**\$300 UPWARDS.**

Hongkong, 23rd February, 1905. 630

## A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES

If you suffer from any disease due to an impure state of the blood, from whatever cause arising, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famous blood purifier and restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is today more popular than ever, the reason of this being undeniably because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—it cures SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

## Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER  
EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, BOILS, SPOTS, BLACKHEADS, PIMPLES, and SORES OF ALL KINDS it is a safe and permanent remedy. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones.

**NOTE.** This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex. From infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit orders to give it a trial to test its value. Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

THIRD MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE. Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48 Bridge Street Row, Chester, writes: "Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'—June 31, 1894.

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR...  
**CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE**  
and beware of worthless imitations and substitutes.

**CHARLES DAY & CO.,  
LONDON,**  
ARE THE SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS  
FOR

**JOHN JAMESON & SON'S  
WHISKY.**

And on each Label must be found the following Notice and Signature.  
"In order that Consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request attention to this our Special Export Label, and to our Trade Mark and Name on Corks, Capsules and Cases, also to age mark."

*John Jameson & Son*  
Glasgow.

## WON'T THEY BE DULL?

A real "Spotless Town" is about to appear on the map of the United States. It will have real spotless houses, spotless streets, and, so far as possible, spotless inhabitants. The municipal government is to be conducted in accordance with the Sermon on the Mount.

Mr. Alfred T. Norton, the proprietor of fifteen "Golden Rule" grocery shops, meat markets, and restaurants in various cities throughout the State of Indiana, is the founder of the new brick and mortar, flesh and blood "Spotless Town." It will be remembered that during the past three years he was successfully demonstrating the complete success of conducting a business on Bible lines.

"Spotless Town" has been founded in the State of Washington, where Mr. Norton has been conducting negotiations for the purchase of many thousands of acres of land. Within a few weeks the new town will be completely laid out in broad avenues, lots, parks, promenades, farms, and public pastures, and Mr. Norton is now prepared to sell lots at cost price but to desirable applicants only.

"In 'Spotless Town' there are to be no police, no sheriff, no courts, no lawyers, no go, no whisky, no tobacco, no amusements, no gambling, no anything but the good and the true."

Mr. Norton himself will be the Mayor of Spotless Town, the only municipal office, by the way, of the community.  
"The 'Golden Rule' of the Bible is law enough for any community," Mayor Norton has announced; "the conscience of each citizen shall be policeman, judge, and jury."  
Mr. Norton's "Golden Rule" methods are unusual, but highly successful. He believes that "Spotless Town" will benefit other people just as much as his Christian stores have, and that many other communities will soon spring into existence patterned after his own "Spotless Town."

## OMNE IGNOTUM.

Electric tramways have accustomed us even the most ignorant to the supposed dangers of using electricity. Some interesting statements as to the actual number of accidents it causes in mines are made by the "Engineering Magazine," and it is remarkable that some of the mortality is due to currents of low voltage, which can usually be taken by the man of ordinary strength without fatal results. But it is beyond dispute that for a greater number of miners would be injured in the same conditions by being kicked or bitten by horses and mules, supposing they were used instead. These also consume five or six times as much air as the same number of men; and in a mine, of course, electricity possesses many other advantages by comparison. The dangers of every new invention are exaggerated. So great were the fears of explosions of gas when it was first introduced, that a theatrical manager had to explain to his audience that the gas used in lighting the stage was not burning in the pipes the whole way from the gasworks. Mr. Nikola Tesla, the electrician, has pointed out the possibility that the enormously powerful electric sparks now generated might set fire to the oxygen and hydrogen in the atmosphere, and very speedily destroy this and all succeeding generations. It is curious that the outside public has accepted wireless telegraphy with much composure as it has done.

## A PIGNY GRIEVANCE.

A small-sized lady in a recent novel thus soliloquizes:  
"Do you know why I travel first-class? Because the seats are divided—she patted the leather arm-rests on each side of her. 'Because it's cheaper,' she paused for contradiction. 'The other classes are less expensive, but they all subject one to the pressure always put upon the undersized; and when your neighbours overlap you they travel to an appreciable extent at your expense. Why do I carry my lunch in a bag? Because if I satisfy my modest hunger at an hotel there is not a man in the room who is not eating at my cost. Two shillings worth of cold beef is eaten, six-penny worth by me and eighteen-penny worth by him, and we each pay a shilling. When I meet some grander of a woman on my dress-maker's stairs I know that whole yards of her dress are down in my bill. Her gloves and her boots cost her no more than mine cost me. An over-grown creature sits in front of me at the theatre. He sees the piece and I see him. And we pay the same. It is a great injustice. In a day of hard prices it is well to be big. The necessities of life are pooled and the value averaged per head of the population. We all pay alike at the door, so to speak, and consume all we can on the strawberry garden principle, and one eats a peck where another can only manage a potato. Big hands, big feet, and a big appetite proclaim the social parasite. The income-tax should be adjusted to stature."

## Perspiration and Dust,

to disfigure, as yet so common in hot weather, can easily be removed by using

## CALVERT'S CARBOLIC Toilet Soap.

A pleasantly perfumed pure antiseptic soap which can be used for all toilet purposes and as a preventive of cuts, etc. It contains 10% Carbolic Acid, and so has a healthy action on the skin, and assists to improve the complexion.

## Calvert's Carbolic Ointment

contains pure Carbolic Acid (healing and antiseptic) and other useful ingredients to cure or alleviate sunburn, chafed skin, piles, cuts, burns, insect bites, etc.

F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, ENGLAND.

[238]-1

## MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET

REMOVES ALL  
REDNESS, HEAT,  
IRRITATION, TAN,  
KEEPS THE SKIN  
SOFT, SMOOTH, AND WHITE  
ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

Delightfully COOLING & REFRESHING  
during the summer.

Bottled by  
M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham.

[239]-2

## DRAVE SEAMEN REWARDED.

### "THREE YEARS AFTER."

About three years ago, the officers and crew of the B. I. S. N. Co's steamship *Landaura* rescued the passengers and crew of the *Alerta*, a Manila steamer, from imminent danger in Philippine waters on being caught in a typhoon and losing her propeller. For three days the ship was at the mercy of the sea and storm, and all on board had given up hope of rescue as the *Alerta* was blown off her course, and was 240 miles from Manila in a leaking condition and barely able to keep afloat. On the night of the third she sighted the mast lights of a steamer which proved to be the *Landaura* from Saigon, and she stood by all night trying to pass a line to the *Alerta*.

The rescue work was attended with great difficulty owing to the stormy weather. The *Landaura* lost much of her deck cargo and a number of cattle tongs in her attempts to breast the seas and stand by the *Alerta*, but Captain A. N. Rait remained until the last man had left the disabled vessel.

The Philippine government has presented Captain Rait and Chief Officer Coombes with gold watches, costing about \$125 gold, in recognition of the heroism displayed in the rescue, suitably inscribed, and to the brave third officer Prince, a magnificent pair of marine glasses, silver mounted, made to order in Hongkong by Gaupp and Company. A sum of money has been sent to the British India company with the presents, to be distributed among the crew of the vessel, but owing to the time which has elapsed since the incident, it is doubtful, says the *Manila Times*, if any of the seamen can be found.

## CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, Queen's Road West. Fourth Sunday in Lent. Morning prayer 11 a.m.—Venite, Credo, Te Deum, Laudes, Jubilate, Hallel, Psalms, 97, 222, 506, and 220. Kyrie. Holy Communion, 12.15. Evening prayer, 6.30 p.m.—Magnificat, Goss; Nine Lessons, Crotch; Hymns, 624, 126, 292, and 328.  
The Church launch *Daylight*, will call on ships carrying white crews, to bring friends ashore to the services, between 9.15 and 10.30 a.m., and between 5.15 and 6 p.m. (Kowloon Police Pier 10.30 and 6 p.m., returning afterwards). The Answering Penitent is the call flag. All the sittings are free and unappropriated. Visitors welcome. Books, &c., provided. Sunday School 10—10.45 a.m.

ASHLEY ROAD HALL, Kowloon, No. 6, Ground Floor.—Services. Lord's Day, 11 a.m. Breaking Bread. Lord's Day, 6.30 p.m. Gospel Meeting. Tuesday, 7 p.m. Bible Class. Thursday, 7 p.m. General Meeting. Saturday, 7 p.m. Prayer Meeting.

## GARRISON ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS, HONGKONG, 31st March, 1905.  
GENERAL ORDER, No. 53.  
The undersigned left on the 29th instant per S. S. *Malacca* for England. Royal Garrison Artillery, One Sergeant Trumpeter on retelphone Corporal and four Gunners, invalids. One Gunner, prisoner, for discharge. Royal Engineers. Two Buglers, posting to ranks. 2nd Royal West Kent Regiment. Are Privates, invalids.

GARRISON ORDERS.—Quarterly Inspection Royal Engineers.—No. 1. The quarterly inspection of Barracks, Fortifications, &c., by the Royal Engineers will be made as follows:—

DATE.	BUILDING.	HOW.
3-4-05.	Pinewood Battery.	9.30 a.m.
3-4-05.	Stonecutters Barracks and West Battery.	8.30 a.m.
3-4-05.	Stonecutters South Shore Central and East Batteries.	8.30 a.m.
3-4-05.	Stonecutters Engine House, E.L. Encampments and Guard Houses.	8.30 a.m.
10-11-05.	Mount Austin Barracks.	10.40 a.m.
12-4-05.	Victoria Battery.	10.40 a.m.
14-1-05.	Deleh.	10.40 a.m.

3-1-05.	Kennedy Road Married Quarters, "A," "B," "C" Blocks.	9.00 a.m.
3-1-05.	Victoria Barracks, "A," "B," "C" Blocks, Queen's Road.	9.00 a.m.
4-1-05.	Arsenal and Ordnance Yards.	9.00 a.m.
4-1-05.	Detached Military Prison and Barracks, Victoria.	9.00 a.m.
4-1-05.	Fletcher Street Buildings.	9.00 a.m.
5-1-05.	"C," "E," and "G" Blocks, Queen's Road and Scandals.	9.00 a.m.
5-1-05.	Canton Hospital.	9.00 a.m.
5-1-05.	Imperial Barracks.	9.00 a.m.
6-1-05.	Wellington Barracks.	9.00 a.m.
6-1-05.	Launceston, Proof grounds, and Magazine.	9.00 a.m.
6-1-05.	R.A. and R.E. Officers' Mess.	10.00 a.m.
7-1-05.	Submarine Mining Establishment Barracks and Kellet Island.	9.00 a.m.
7-1-05.	Gun Cotton Store, Wellington Barracks and Kellet Island.	9.00 a.m.
10-4-05.	Spring Gardens, North Point and West Hill Camp.	8.30 a.m.
10-4-05.	H. S. Messence.	9.00 a.m.
10-4-05.	Sanatorium.	10.00 a.m.

10-4-05.	Whitfield Barracks.	8.30 a.m.
11-4-05.	Whitfield Camp.	8.30 a.m.
12-4-05.	Station Hospital Kowloon.	8.30 a.m.
13-4-05.	Gun Club Hill Camp.	8.30 a.m.
14-4-05.	Sham Shui Barracks, 4 Lymeria Barracks, and 4 Lymeria Barracks.	8.30 a.m.
17-4-05.	West Fort, Dock Fort, and East Fort.	8.30 a.m.
18-4-05.	Gun Club Hill Barracks.	8.30 a.m.
19-4-05.	Kowloon City, Fungo, Warden's Quarters.	8.30 a.m.

No. 2a Division.  
3-4-05.—Lymeria Barracks and Lymeria Barracks.  
4-4-05.—Lymeria Barracks and Lymeria Barracks.  
5-4-05.—Lymeria Barracks and Lymeria Barracks.  
6-4-05.—Lymeria Barracks and Lymeria Barracks.

Divine Service.—No. 2. Divine Service will be conducted on Sunday as follows:—

Denomination.	Troops at	Where held.	Hour.	To Officiate.
Ch. of England.	Victoria.	Cathedral.	8.30 a.m.	Chaplain.
Ch. of England.	Lymeria.	The Barracks.	11.15 a.m.	Chaplain.
Ch. of England.	Stonecutters Barracks.	The Barracks.	Under Orders.	Sar. Officer.
Ch. of England.	St. John's.	Block 4.	4 p.m.	Chaplain.
Presby.	Victoria.	Union Church.	11 a.m.	Offg. Clergy.
Wesleyan.	Victoria.	West End Church.	10.15 a.m.	Offg. Clergy.
Roman Catholic.	Victoria.	St. Joseph's Ch.	9 a.m.	Offg. Clergy.
Roman Catholic.	Kowloon.	Kowloon.	7.30 a.m.	Offg. Clergy.

Landaura will leave A. S. C. Pier for Lymeria at 10.15 a.m.

Education.—No. 3. The new course for 1st Class certificates of Education will commence on Monday 3rd April 1905. All candidates desirous of joining the classes are advised to do so at once.

Escorts.—No. 4. Escorts as under will be furnished by the 2nd Royal West Kent Regiment on Sunday 2nd proximo to conduct prisoners to Church.

Presbyterian, 1. N. C. O. 1. Man, 10.30 a.m.

Attaching Native Details.—No. 5. All Native Details will be taken over by the 119th Infantry for the ensuing half-year.

Detail.—No. 6. Detail of officers for the ensuing week. Victoria. (a) Prison Visitor, Major L. H. Parry, Royal Garrison Artillery. (b) Field Officer of the week, Capt. J. T. W. Flanagan, 2nd Royal West Kent Regt. Next for duty, Capt. C. M. F. Watkins, Royal Engineer. (c) Subaltern Officer of the week, An Officer, Royal Garrison Artillery. Next for duty, Capt. H. A. Carden, 33rd Burma Infantry. (d) Subaltern Officer of the week, An Officer, Royal Garrison Artillery. Next for duty, An Officer, 119th Infantry.

Launches.—No. 7. From the 5th April inclusive the 8 a.m. Routine Launch will call at Kowloon City Pier on way to Lymeria. The 12.45 p.m. from Lymeria will call at Kowloon City, 1.15 p.m. Kowloon Dock, 1.35 p.m. Kowloon Police Pier, 1.55 p.m. Meanee, 2 p.m. A. S. C. Pier, 2.15 p.m. Schedules should be amended accordingly. Muskaty parties not making use of 1.15 p.m. launch can march to Kowloon Dock and come in by 4.45 p.m. launch, or arrange to send messenger to Transport Office for special launch.

By Order.

R. E. Ross, Major, Chief Staff Officer.

The Band of the 2nd Royal West Kent Regiment will play on the New Parade Ground on Monday next 3rd proximo from 5 p.m. to 6.30 p.m.

## JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Messrs. Vornon & Smyth say in their weekly share report dated Hongkong 31st March:—Our market continues to rule firm and a fair volume of business, to some extent for account of the March settlement put through to-day, has been transacted during the past week. At the close a good enquiry exists, and favourite stocks have an advancing tendency.

BANKS.—Hongkong and Shanghai are again in request, and the rate has advanced to \$760 buyers. London has improved to £78. Nationals are unchanged with buyers at \$38.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions are reported to have been fixed at \$700, but at this more are to be obtained. China Traders have declined to \$58, sellers. North China, Yangtze, and Canton are unchanged.

PIER, INSURANCES.—Hongkongs have sold, and are on offer at \$310. Chinas have been booked, and more shares are procurable at \$26.

SHIPPING.—Hongkong, Canton and Macao are still in the market at \$265, after sales at \$25 and \$284. Indo-China after declining to \$121 under settlement influences have recovered and are now in request at that figure. Shanghai quotes Tls. 84 buyers, an advance of Tls. 2 on the lowest point touched during the interval, and London remains at £11.15. 0d. China and Manilla have sold at \$204 and \$20, and are now on offer at \$21. Douglas continues in request at \$34. Shell Transports have been booked at \$17, and close steady. Star Ferries are quoted \$37, and \$29 for the old and new issues respectively, but at these quotations there is a prospect of finding purchasers.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars have sold at declining rates from \$225 to \$221 ex dividend, mostly for settlement account, but at the close there is a firmer tone, and shares can be placed at \$223. Luzons have been fixed at \$23, and \$27, closing with sellers at the higher rate.

MARINE.—Hongkong have been booked at \$3.90 and \$4, and more shares are obtainable at the latter rate. Charbonnages are unchanged. DOCKS, WHARVES, AND GODOWNS.—Hongkong and Whampoa Docks are easier with sales and sellers at \$205. Hongkong and Kowloon Wharves are steady with some sellers at \$107. New Amoy Docks continue on offer at \$27. Farman, Boyds have improved, and after sales up to Tls. 140 each, are now quoted Tls. 150. For July delivery a sale is reported at Tls. 153. Shanghai and Hongkong Wharves have considerably appreciated, and sales are reported from the North at Tls. 165 ex the final dividend of Tls. 6 on the old, and Tls. 3 on the new shares for 1904 working, paid in Shanghai yesterday.

LANDS, HOTELS, AND BUILDINGS.—Hongkong Lands are firmer with buyers at \$128. West Point is easier with sellers at \$55. Hongkong Hotels are steady at \$140 ex the dividend of \$5 per share for the half year ending 31st December, 1904, paid on the 29th instant. Humphreys' Estates have been booked at \$12, and continue in request. Shanghai Lands are unchanged at Tls. 114 sellers.

COTTON MILLS.—Hongkong have sold, and continue in request at \$18. Enns are quoted at the North at Tls. 32, and Internationals Tls. 25. Lau Kung-Mow and Soyokles are unchanged.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Borneos have been booked at \$14 and \$14, and close steady. Dairy Farms have improved to \$13 buyers. Green Island Cement is firm at \$25 (old) and \$167 (new) with probable buyers. Electricity continues in demand, and are now acquired for \$16 and \$10 for the old and new issues respectively. Watkins have declined to \$8, sellers. Watsons can be placed at \$12 (old), and \$12 (new).

MEMOS.—Wm. Powell, Ltd. interim dividend of 50 cents per share on account of 1904-1905 is payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on or after the 10th April, 1905, transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 10th April inclusive. China Borneo Co. Ltd. ordinary yearly meeting on the 15th April, 1905, transfer books closed from the 1st to the 15th April inclusive. Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co. Ltd. ordinary yearly meeting on the 8th April, 1905, transfer books closed from the 5th to the 8th April inclusive.

## 報新外中港香 CHUNG NGOI SAN PO

(Chinese Daily Press),  
PUBLISHED DAILY.  
is the oldest and still immeasurably the best medium for Advertising among the Native Community.

Established for nearly FORTY YEARS circulates largely throughout Southern China Indo-China, &c.  
Terms for Advertising (Translations free) can be obtained at the Office, 14, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, 131, Fleet Street, London or from the different Agents.  
Documents translated from or into Classical or Colloquial Chinese.

WE SEND ON APPROVAL and guarantee highest quality goods fully warranted. \$2.10 to \$5.50. Dunlop Tyres, Westwood Road, Hong Kong, Free. Write for Catalogue and Special Offer. See our excellent London notices. CHARGE PAID TO ANY MOTOR CAR AND MOTORCYCLE. Write for Catalogue and Special Offer. See our excellent London notices. CHARGE PAID TO ANY MOTOR CAR AND MOTORCYCLE.

MEAD CYCLE CO. Dept. 23 24 CHICAGO, U.S.A. and LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

756

## THE YOUNG AMERICAN CIGARS.

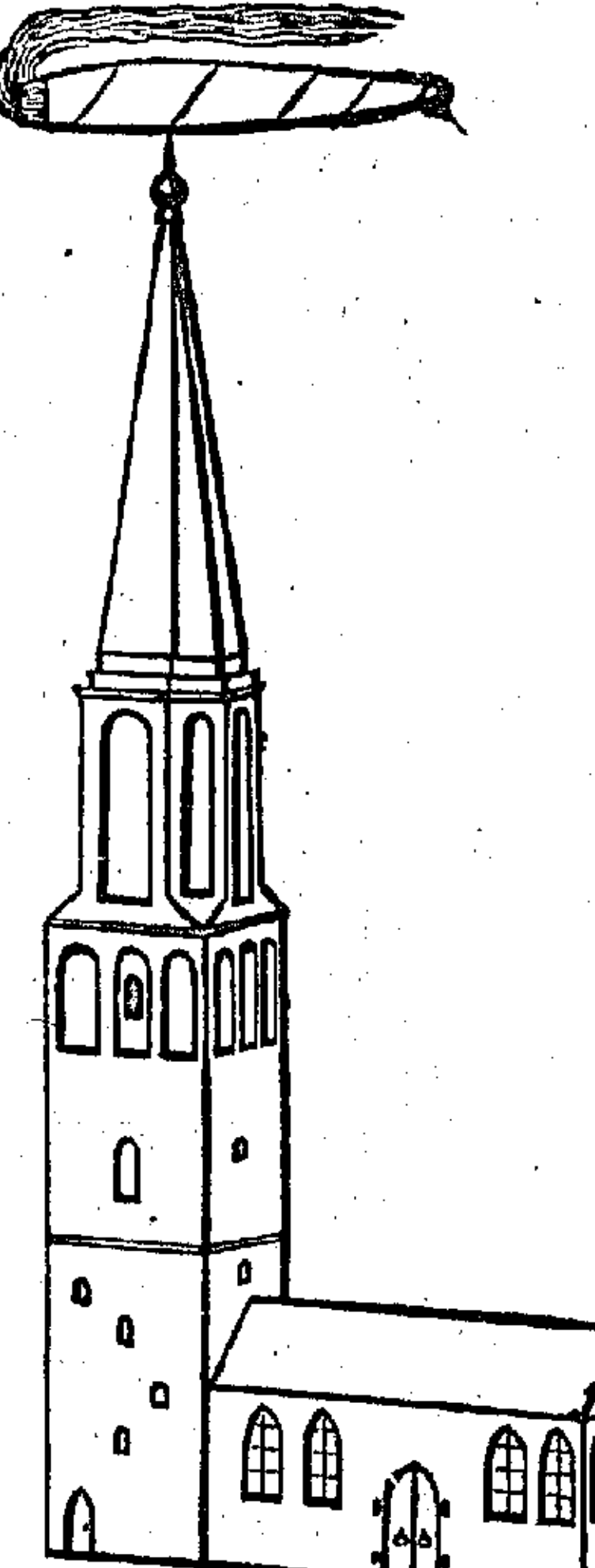
ALWAYS ON THE TOP!

A STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE FOR DISCERNING SMOKERS.

EVERY CIGAR WILL GIVE YOU HAPPINESS FOR AN HOUR.

THE SIGNATURE OF DRESSELHUYTS & NIEUWENHUYSEN ON EVERY BOX—SOLE IMPORTERS—THE HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING COMPANY, SHANGHAI—HONGKONG.

FOR SALE AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS. [2805-2]



THERE ARE THREE POINTS WE BEG LEAVE TO DRAW YOUR ATTENTION TO:—

POINT 1: No LOCAL BOTTLINGS.

POINT 2: EXCEPTIONAL QUALITIES.

POINT 3: CHEAPEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Do not these Three Points strike you as something worth considering when you purchase Wines and Spirits?

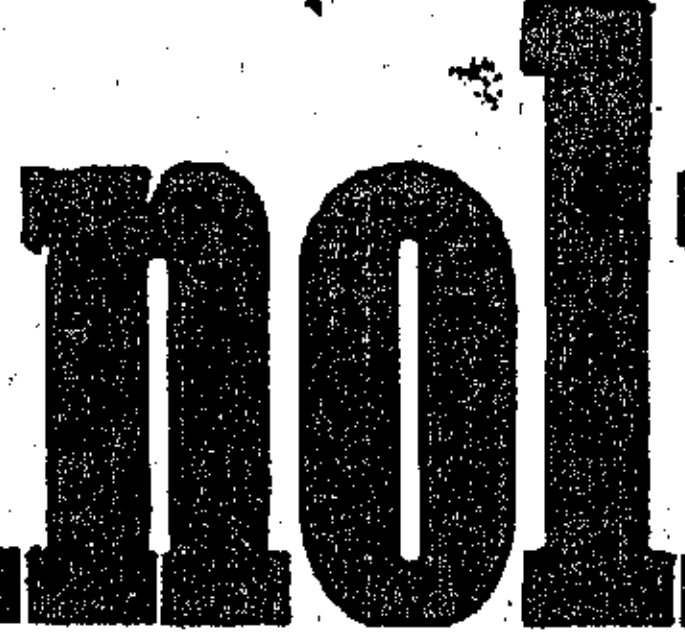
You can secure them all by dealing with us.

**GREGOR & CO.,**  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.  
HONGKONG.

# Vinolia

SOAP—For Delicate, Sensitive, Irritable Skins.  
5 kinds—Pearl, Floral, Medical, Toilet (Oleo), and Vaseline.  
CREAM—For itching, Face Spots, Mosquito and Insect Bites, and all Skin Irritations.  
POWDER—For Redness, Roughness, Tetter, Nerve, etc.

**SOLD EVERYWHERE.**



## THE CIGARETTES OF THE FUTURE.

ONCE SMOKED ALWAYS SMOKED.

**E. D. PROTOPAPAS & CO.**  
ALEXANDRIA & CAIRO, EGYPT.  
FINEST EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.



SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG:

**KRUSE & CO., CONNAUGHT HOUSE.**

Colic, Cramps, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Burns, Bruises, Bites and Stings can all be promptly relieved.

BY **PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER**









# OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD. JOINT SERVICES.

FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.  
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,  
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN, WEST AUSTRALIAN, JAVA,  
AND HUMANTRA PORTS.

FROM	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"JASON"	On 1st April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"LAERTES"	On 8th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"CHINGWU"	On 15th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"TELEMACHUS"	On 17th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DIOMED"	On 21st April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"CALCHAS"	On 29th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DEUCALION"	On 6th May.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
AMSTERDAM, LONDON and ANTWERP	"MACHAON"	On 11th April.
GENOA, MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL	"ALCINOUS"	On 20th April.
AMSTERDAM, LONDON and ANTWERP	"KAISOW"	On 25th April.
AMSTERDAM, LONDON and ANTWERP	"JASON"	On 9th May.
GENOA, MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL	"LAERTES"	On 20th May.
AMSTERDAM, LONDON and ANTWERP	"PINGSUEY"	On 23rd May.

## TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and all PACIFIC COAST PORTS, VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	"TELEMACHUS"	On 20th April.

For Freight, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1905.

# CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"TAIWAN"	On 1st April.
NINGPO	"SZECHUAN"	On 1st April.
MANILA	"TEAN"	On 4th April.
KOBE	"TAIYUAN"	On 4th April.
NEWCHANG and TIENSIN	"CHIHLI"	On 4th April.
NINGPO and SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 4th April.
MANILA, PORT DARWIN, THURS. ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"CHINGTU"	On 8th April.
AMOI, MANILA, CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 10th April.

\* The attention of Passengers is directed to the superior accommodation offered by these  
steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled Table. A daily qualified  
Surgeon is carried.

\* Taking Cargo on through bills of lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.  
\* Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all New Zealand Ports and other  
Australian Ports.

REDUCED SALOON FARES, SINGLE AND RETURN, TO MANILA AND  
AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1905.

# PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS.
YOKOHAMA VIA SHANGHAI, MOI and KOBE	"PERA"	About 2nd April	Freight only.
(Passing through the Inland Sea)	A. L. Valentini		
SHANGHAI	"COROMANDEL"	About 7th April	Freight and Passage.
	G. M. Montford, R.N.R.		
LONDON, &c.	"NUBIA"	Noon, 8th April	See Special Advertisement.
	F. N. Tildard		

For further Particulars, apply to

L. S. LEWIS,  
Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1905.

# HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE. OSTASIATISCHER DIENST.

Taking Cargo at through rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN,  
LONDON, OPORTO, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS IN THE  
LEVANT, BLACK SEA, AND BALTIC PORTS, NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS	DESTINATIONS.	SAILING DATES.	REMARKS.
SURVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 7th April.	Freight.
Capt. Kneisel			
SILESIA	BREMEN DIRECT (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 17th April.	Freight & Passengers.
Capt. Bahr			
SERBIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 1st May.	Freight.
Capt. Jacob			
SLAVONIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 2nd May.	Freight & Passengers.
Capt. Madson			
SEGOVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 16th May.	Freight.
Capt. Schoenfeldt			
SENEGAMBIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 30th May.	Freight.
Capt. Jaburg			
C. FEED. LAETZ	HAVRE and HAMBURG (Calling at Singapore, Penang and Colombo)	On 13th June.	Freight.
Capt. von Hoff			
NUBIA	NEW YORK VIA SUEZ (with liberty to call at the Malabar coast)	On 25th May.	Freight.
Capt. Habel			

\* Special attention of intending Passengers is drawn to the splendid accommodation of these  
steamers. Saloons and cabins amply lighted throughout by electricity.

For Further Particulars, apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE  
HONGKONG OFFICE No. 1, WREN'S BUILDING.

# INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"AMARA"	Saturday, 1st April, 4 P.M.
SANDAKAN VIA KUDAT	"MAUSANG"	Saturday, 1st April, 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"KWONGSANG"	Monday, 3rd April, 4 P.M.

\* These steamers have superior accommodation for First-Class Passengers and are fitted  
throughout with Electric Light.

\* Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Chefoo, Tientsin and Yangtze Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1905.

# SOUTH AFRICAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

HONGKONG DIRECT, OR VIA CHEFOO OR CHIN-WAN-TAO, TO DURBAN, NATAL.

The following chartered steamers will run at intervals of about 3 weeks:—

S.S. "LOTHIAN"	Captain J. C. Williamson.
S.S. "INDRAVELLI"	Captain S. Callington.
S.S. "COURTFIELD"	Captain J. W. Martin.
S.S. "CRANLEY"	Captain W. E. Steele.
S.S. "IKBAL"	Captain M. Robertson.
S.S. "ASCOT"	Captain C. E. Cox.
S.S. "SIKTI"	Captain J. Rowley.
S.S. "INKILA"	Captain Dean.
S.S. "KATHERINE PARK"	Captain Copp.

For Freight, apply to

GIRB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 10th February, 1905.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

### "MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

#### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.  
CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby in-  
formed that all Goods are being landed  
at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong  
and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company,  
Limited, whence and/or from the wharves  
delivery may be obtained.

No Claims against the Steamer must be pre-  
sented to the Underwriters on or before the 6th  
April, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are  
to be left in the Godowns, where they will be  
examined on the 3rd April, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1905.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

### THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

#### "PERA"

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA,  
PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo by the above-named  
vessel are hereby informed that their goods are  
being landed and placed at their risk in the  
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown  
Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each  
consignment will be sorted out mark by mark,  
and delivery can be obtained as soon as the  
Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—  
From London, via Suez, Arabia.  
Optional Goods will be landed here unless  
instructions are given to the contrary before  
3 P.M. To-day, the 29th inst.

Goods not cleared by the 5th prox., at 4 P.M.,  
will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in  
any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the God-  
downs for examination by the Consignee's and  
the Company's representatives at an appointed  
hour. All Claims must be presented within  
ten days of the steamer's arrival here after  
which date they cannot be recognised. No  
Claims will be admitted after the goods have  
been landed.

Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 29th March, 1905.

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

### IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

#### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

##### THE Steamship

###### "PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby  
informed that their Goods, with the exception  
of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being  
landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns  
of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and  
Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence  
delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless  
notice to the contrary be given before 11 A.M.,  
To-day, the 29th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods  
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining  
undelivered after the 4th April, will be subject  
to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to  
be left in the Godowns, where they will be  
examined on Tuesday, the 4th April, at  
9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 10th  
April, or they will not be recognised.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the  
undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,  
MELCHERS & CO.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1905.

## FROM HAMBURG, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

### THE H.A.L. Steamship

#### "SEGOVIA"

Captain-Schneidfeldt, having arrived from the  
above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby  
requested to send in their Bills of Lading for  
counter-signature by the Undersigned and to  
take immediate delivery of their Goods from  
alongside.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless  
notice to the contrary be given before To-day,  
the 30th inst.

Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be  
landed into the Godowns of the Hongkong and  
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited,  
and stored at Consignee's risk and expense.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods  
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining  
undelivered after the 6th April, will be subject  
to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to  
be left in the Godowns, where they will be  
examined on the 6th April, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.  
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1905.

## NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN, THE AGENTS nor  
the OWNERS will be RESPONSIBLE  
for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or  
the Crew of the following Vessels during the  
stay in Hongkong Harbour.

KING GEORGE, British ship, J. White—  
Standard Oil Co.  
A. G. ROPES, American ship, D. H. Rivers—  
Standard Oil Co.  
S. P. HITCHCOCK, American ship E. V. Gates—  
Standard Oil Co.

## SHIPPING IN PORT.

### STEAMERS.

ALDGOATE, British str., 2,208, W. Nicholson,  
13th March.—Pouarth 1st Jan. Coal—  
Order.

AMARA, British str., 1,400, J. Matlock, 24th  
March.—Java 15th Mar. Sugar.—Jardine,  
Matheson & Co.

ANGHIS, German str., 1,001, F. J. Schaffer,  
5th March.—Bangkok 18th March, Rice,  
and Wood.—Butterfield & Co.

AUCHENARDEN, British str., 2,351, Crowder,  
30th March.—Kutchinotzu 25th March,  
Coal.—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

B. JOHNSON, Norwegian str., 790, C. Olson,  
24th March.—Pauau, Amoy and Swatow  
24th March, General.—Osaka Shosen  
Kaisha.

BOOSTAD, Norwegian steamer, 1,032, H. S.  
Gulickson, 10th March.—Chinkiang 11th  
March, General.—Order.

BOSCOMBE, British str., 2,446, Mackay, 13th  
March.—Durban 5th Feb. Coal.—Order.

COSTANTE, Italian str., 1,671, G. Solari, 27th  
March.—Manila 24th March, Ballast.

DEVAVONGE, German str., 1,037, Goshen,  
28th March.—Bangkok 22nd March, R. & Co.  
and General.—Norddeutscher Lloyd.

ERNA, German str., 964, Torpehn, 18th March,  
Germany 1st January, General.—Order.

GERMANIA, German str., 1,000, H. Flugel, 26th  
March.—Sydney 9th Feb. Copra.—Siemens  
& Co.

GRIGORY APCAR, British str., 2,361, J. G.  
Olfert, 27th March.—Celebes and Straits  
11th March, General.—David Sassoon & Co.

HARBOUR, British str., 739, P. Marlow, 28th Mar.  
—Gongay 25th Mar.—A. R. Marty.

IKBAL, British str., 3,490, Robertson, 10th Feb.  
—Durban 17th January, Ballast.—Gibb,  
Livingston & Co.

JOHANN, German str., 352, Island, 28th Mar.  
—Bangkok 22nd Mar., Rice.—Johnson & Co.

KVAVEN, Norwegian str., 1,371, Johansson,  
Carli 30th Jan. and Port Said 23rd Feb.  
—Order.

KATHERINE PARK, British str., 3,075, W. H.  
Copp, 12th Jan.—Sasebo (Japan) 11th Jan.  
—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

KISH, British str., 3,147, E. Robertson, 25th  
March.—Moj 19th March, Coal.—Mitsui  
Bishi & Co.

KOWLOON, German str., 2,320, Stahl, 30th Mar.  
—Order.

KWANTAU, Chinese str., 1,536, H. Lunt, 30th  
March.—Shanghai 27th March, General.  
—Chinese.

KWONGSANG, British str., 1,428, W. P. Baker,  
28th March.—Shanghai 22nd March and  
Swatow 25th, General.—Jardine, Matheson  
& Co.

LOHSAU, British str., 979, L. Hussey, 27th  
March.—Wuhu and Chinkiang 22nd Mar.  
—General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

LOTHIAN, British str., 3,711, J. C. Williamson,  
12th Feb.—Port Natal 15th Jan.—Doddwell  
& Co.

LOONGMOON, German str., 1,500, Kalkofen, 28th  
March.—Shanghai 25th March, General.—  
Siemens & Co.

LYNBECK, German str., 1,238, Th. Lehmann,  
16th Mar.—Shanghai 13th Mar., General.  
—Siemens & Co.

MAUSANG, British str., 1,644, S. J. Payne, 15th  
March.—Sandakan 10th Mar., Timber and  
General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

MELBOURNE, British str., 2,225, O. S. McGregor,  
2nd March.—Wellington 25th February.—  
Admiralty.

MOUNT BLANC, Norw. str., 2,032, Ch. Feder-  
sen, 27th March.—Stettin 25th Jan. and  
Babang 1st Mar. Coal.—Melchers & Co.

PELEUS, British str., 5,000, Barwise, 28th Mar.  
—Shanghai 23rd March, General.—Butter-  
field & Swire.

PERA, British str., 4,916, A. L. Valentini, 29th  
March.—London 10th Feb. and Singapore  
24th March, General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

POLLUX, Norwegian str., 779, C. Svendsen,  
14th March.—Batavia 7th March, Timber.  
—Order.

POSHAN, German str., 1,799, P. Lomcke, 24th  
March.—Moj 18th March, Coal.—Jebson  
& Co.

PROGRESS, German str., 850, Bremer, 23rd  
March.—Bouay Reef 20th March.  
—Siemens & Co.

PROBUS, German str., 1,024, C. Moller, 15th  
March.—Moj 9th March, Coal.—Aagaard,  
Thoresen & Co.

QUANTA, German str., 1,225, H. Madson, 21st  
March.—Karatun 15th March, Coal.  
—Sander, Wieler & Co.

SEGOVIA, German str., 3,706, Schonfeldt, 30th  
March.—Hamburg and Singapore 24th  
March, General.—Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

SUNGKING, British str., 1,031, Pennefather,  
11th Mar.—Iloilo 7th March, Wood.—  
Butterfield & Swire.

TAIWAN, British str., 1,109, H. Harder, 23th  
March.—Shanghai 23rd Mar. and Swatow  
27th, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

TAIYUAN, British str., 1,459, L. Dawson, 29th  
March.—Australia and Manila 27th March,  
General.—Butterfield & Swire.

TETARTOS, German str., 1,373, Deasler, 30th  
March.—Seigon 25th March, Rice.—  
Siemens & Co.

WESTMINSTER BRIDGE, British str., 2,308, A.  
W. Wenloch, 13th March.—London 23rd  
Nov. Coal.—Order.

ZAPKO, British str., 1,611, R. Rodger, 25th  
March.—Manila 25th March, General.—  
Shewan, Tomes & Co.

## SAILING SHIPS.

A. G. ROPES, Am. ship, 2,202, D. H. Rivers,  
16th March.—Philadelphia 16th Oct., Case  
Oil.—Standard Oil Co.

KING GEORGE, British ship, 2,057, J. White,  
11th Feb.—Philadelphia (N.S.W.) 6th  
Sept., Case Oil.—Standard Oil Co.

MANUEL LAGUNA, American ship, 1,646, D. C.  
Nickels, 11th Feb.—Chefoo 4th February,  
Ballast.—Order.

S. P. HITCHCOCK, Am. ship, 2,036, E. V. Gates,  
22nd March.—New York, Oil and Wax—  
Standard Oil Co.

TO Ladies  
all the most  
beautiful  
women use  
**CREME SIMON**  
J. SIMON, PARIS  
Have found it very  
a good indeed.

SAVON + POUDRE SIMON  
PARFUMS  
J. SIMON, PARIS  
Chanteur, Hairdresser, Perfumers and Shavers.

THE UNRIVALLED  
KILLER.  
**KEATING'S  
POWDER.**  
FATAL TO INSECT LIFE.  
IT KILLS  
FLEAS, BEETLES, BUGS, FLIES.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.  
This is a story of research and experiment, when  
nature's secret is revealed. Science has  
indeed made great strides during the past century,  
and among these—by no means least important—  
discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion,  
the discovery of which will be found in another  
column. This preparation is unquestionably one  
of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines  
ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used  
in the Continental Hospitals by Kossel, Kossel,  
Kossel, and others, by all those who are  
regarded as authorities in such matters, including  
the celebrated Lefebvre, and others, by whom it  
has been since uniformly adopted, and that  
it is worthy the attention of those who require such  
a remedy, we think there is no doubt. From the  
time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the  
removal of these diseases has been the object of search of some  
hopeful, generous mind, and far beyond the mere  
power—if successful—of having been discovered—  
the discovery of a remedy so potent as to remove the  
poisonous matter from the system, and to effect the  
cure of the disease, is a discovery







Subscription, paid in advance, \$12 per annum  
Postage to any part of the World \$2.

**NOTICE TO KOWLOON RESIDENTS**

**E**XTRA COPIES of *Daily Press* are on  
sale daily at Mr. H. RUTTONJEE'S  
KOWLOON STORE, No. 36, Elgin Road.  
Price 15 cents per copy cash.  
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1903.



